# TAUNTON MUNICIPAL LIGHTING PLANT (A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE CITY OF TAUNTON, MASSACHUSETTS)

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AS OF AND FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Municipal Lighting Commission
City of Taunton, Massachusetts, Municipal Lighting Plant

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Taunton Municipal Lighting Plant (the "Plant") (a component unit of the City of Taunton, Massachusetts), which comprise the statements of net position as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, and the related statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.



We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Taunton Municipal Lighting Plant, as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, and the changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Emphasis of Matter**

#### **Presentation**

As discussed in Note A, the financial statements present the Taunton Municipal Lighting Plant only and do not purport to, and do not present fairly the financial position of the City of Taunton, Massachusetts, as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, the changes in its financial position or, where applicable, its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, and Schedule of Contributions Other Post-Employment Benefits, Schedule of Changes in the Plant's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios, Schedule of Investment Returns for Other Post-Employment Benefits, Schedule of Plant's Contributions – Defined Benefit Pension Plan, and Schedule of Investment Returns - Defined Benefit Pension Plan on Pages 4-7 and 43-47 be presented to supplement the financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented as supplementary information for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, *Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 2, 2021 on our consideration of the Taunton Municipal Lighting Plant's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion the effectiveness of the Taunton Municipal Lighting Plant's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Taunton Municipal Lighting Plant's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Providence, RI

November 2, 2021

Marcun LLP

Within this section of the City of Taunton, Massachusetts, Municipal Lighting Plant's annual financial report, management provides narrative discussion and analysis of the financial activities of the Municipal Lighting Plant for the year ended December 31, 2020 and 2019. The Plant's performance is discussed and analyzed within the context of the accompanying financial statements and disclosures following this section.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements:**

The basic financial statements include (1) the statements of net position (2) the statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position (3) the statements of cash flow and (4) notes to the financial statements.

The Statement of Net Position is designed to indicate the Plant's financial position as of a specific point in time. At December 31, 2020, it shows our net position of \$122,776,012 which is comprised of \$109,108,776 invested in capital assets net of related debt and \$13,667,236 unrestricted net position.

At December 31, 2019, it shows our net position of \$107,218,464 which is comprised of \$103,987,629 invested in capital assets net of related debt and \$3,230,835 unrestricted net position.

Our net position totaled \$122.8 million at December 31, 2020, an increase of \$15.5 million from December 31, 2019. The increase is due to net operating income of \$18.5 million and payment of \$3 million in lieu of taxes.

Our net position totaled \$107.2 million at December 31, 2019, an increase of \$13.3 million from December 31, 2018. The increase is due to net operating income of \$16.3 million and payment of \$3 million in lieu of taxes.

The Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position summarizes our operating results for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019. As discussed in more detail below, the Plant's net income for 2020 and 2019, was \$18,552,548 and \$16,267,994, respectively, before payments in lieu of taxes (PILOT).

The Statement of Cash Flows provides information about the cash receipts and cash payments during the accounting period. It also provides information about the investing and financing activities for the same period. A review of the Plant's Statements of Cash Flows indicates that the cash receipts from operating activities were sufficient to cover the operating expenses and capital projects, as well as contributions to the City.

# **Summary of Net Position**

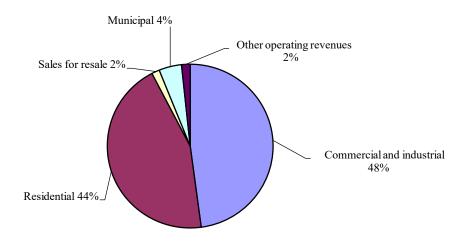
	2020	2019	2018
Current Assets	\$ 38,951,556	\$ 33,275,374	\$ 38,096,491
Noncurrent Assets	173,070,622	166,867,028	155,879,618
Total Assets	212,022,178	200,142,402	193,976,109
10.00.1.20000			
Deferred Outflows of Resources	29,005,759	17,674,420	9,017,291
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 241,027,937	\$ 217,816,822	\$ 202,993,400
Current Liabilities	\$ 10,905,399	\$ 11,342,995	\$ 14,053,011
Noncurrent Liabilities	77,118,376	81,505,829	75,451,518
Total Liabilities	88,023,775	92,848,824	89,504,529
Deferred Inflows of Resources	30,228,150	17,749,534	19,543,401
Net Investment in Capital Assets	109,108,776	103,987,629	96,870,825
Unrestricted	13,667,236	3,230,835	(2,925,355)
Total Net Position	122,776,012	107,218,464	93,945,470
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position	\$ 241,027,937	\$ 217,816,822	\$ 202,993,400
Summary of Changes	in Net Position		
	2020	2019	2018
Operating Revenues	\$ 96,032,720	\$ 97,696,338	\$ 102,469,567
Operating Expenses	80,707,017	87,592,825	91,397,996
Operating Income	15,325,703	10,103,513	11,071,571
Nonoperating Revenues Less Nonoperating Expenses	3,226,845	6,164,481	(1,397,564)
Increase in Net Position before Transfers	18,552,548	16,267,994	9,674,007
Transfers Out - Payment in Lieu of Taxes	(2,995,000)	(2,995,000)	(2,947,500)
Increase in Net Position	\$ 15,557,548	\$ 13,272,994	\$ 6,726,507

#### **Financial Highlights:**

Operating revenues for 2020 decreased by \$1.7 million or 1.7% from 2019. The revenue decrease was a result of a decrease in kWh sales growth. Operating revenues for 2019 decreased by \$4.8 million or 5% from 2018. The revenue decrease was a result of a decrease in kWh sales growth.

Operating expenses for 2020 decreased by \$6.9 million or 7.9% from 2019. The decrease in expenses is a result of lower power costs. Operating expenses for 2019 decreased by \$3.8 million or 4.2% from 2018. The decrease in expenses is a result of lower power costs.

#### **Source of 2020 Operating Revenues**



#### **Utility Plant and Debt Administration:**

#### **Utility Plant**

There was an increase in net utility plant in service of approximately \$6.6 million for 2020. This increase is the difference between the current year additions of \$14.7 million and the annual depreciation (3% of depreciable gross plant) expense of \$8.1 million. Additions to plant consisted principally of approximately \$9.7 million in production plant, \$3.8 million in distribution plant and \$1.2 million in general plant. Major items capitalized include SCADA upgrade project, general distribution infrastructure upgrades, and a distributed generation project.

There was an increase in net utility plant in service of approximately \$821,000 for 2019. This increase is the difference between the current year additions of \$8.9 million and the annual depreciation (3% of depreciable gross plant) expense of \$8.1 million. Additions to plant consisted principally of approximately \$1.4 million in production plant, \$5.8 million in distribution plant and \$1.7 million in general plant. Major items capitalized include general distribution infrastructure upgrades, and generation projects.

#### **Debt Administration**

At December 31, 2020 and 2019, the Plant had outstanding general obligation bonds of approximately 9 million and 11 million, respectively. These general obligation bonds are guaranteed in full faith and credit of the City of Taunton. Additional information on the Plant's debt obligations can be found in Note E (Pages 27-28) to the financial statements.

#### **Significant Balances and Transactions:**

#### **Depreciation Fund**

The Plant maintains this fund to pay for capital investments and improvements. These capital items are paid from the operating fund, which is then replenished by funds transferred from the depreciation fund. The depreciation fund is required by state statute. The Light Plant must set aside 3% of its gross depreciable plant annually to be used principally for capital expenditures. Interest earned on the account is kept in the fund.

#### Sick Leave Trust Fund

The Plant maintains a fully funded Sick Leave Trust Fund ("Trust") for the financing of future sick leave payments. It is the Plant's intention that the Trust be funded to the extent of the Plant's sick leave liability and that future sick leave expense will be paid by the Trust.

#### **Pension Plans**

The employees of the Light Plant participate in the City of Taunton Retirement System. In addition to investments made by the System, a separate fiduciary fund (plant retirement trust) has been established by the Plant to provide funding of the Plant's past unfunded service costs. Each year the Light Plant is assessed by the City for its share of such pension costs.

#### **Customer Deposits**

The Plant collects deposits from residential and commercial accounts when they come into the system. Deposits can be refunded when a customer has demonstrated a good credit history or upon leaving the system. Interest is paid for as long as the Plant holds the deposit.

#### **Request for Information:**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Taunton, Massachusetts, Municipal Lighting Plant's finances for all those with an interest in the Plant's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or request for additional information should be addressed to the Office of the Business Manager, 55 Weir Street, Taunton, MA 02780.

#### STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION

# **DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019**

Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources		
	2020	2019
Utility Plant - at Cost		2019
Plant in service	\$ 282,964,455	\$ 272,233,295
Less: Accumulated depreciation	185,510,969	181,395,548
230011200000000000000000000000000000000		
Net Utility Plant in Service	97,453,486	90,837,747
Investment in Seabrook	246,731	278,299
Construction work in progress	20,648,391	23,922,037
Total Utility Plant	118,348,608	115,038,083
Other Assets		
Depreciation Fund - designated funds	13,208,818	13,208,818
Rate stabilization - designated funds	2,300,000	2,300,000
Sick leave fund	18,150,473	16,719,085
Sick leave annuities	4,228,769	4,077,934
Plant employees' retirement fund	13,953,478	12,854,566
Other post - employment benefits fund	517,568	515,254
Investment in Hydro Quebec Project	148,663	148,663
Investment in Energy New England LLC	2,214,245	2,004,625
Total Other Assets	54,722,014	51,828,945
Current Assets		
Cash	16,841,076	16,134,590
Customer deposits	2,014,030	1,911,695
Accounts receivable, less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$2,281,672 and \$2,090,603 in 2020 and 2019, respectively	8,176,641	7,301,057
Accounts receivable - internet services, less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$27,423 and	8,170,041	7,301,037
\$25,623 in 2020 and 2019, respectively	166,522	192,410
Materials and supplies inventory	5,695,401	5,768,277
Prepaid expenses	6,057,886	1,967,345
<b>Total Current Assets</b>	38,951,556	33,275,374
Total Assets	212,022,178	200,142,402
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Deferred outflows for pensions	23,424,128	16,897,409
Deferred outflows for OPEB	5,581,631	777,011
<b>Total Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>	29,005,759	17,674,420
<b>Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>	\$ 241,027,937	\$ 217,816,822

# STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION (CONTINUED)

# **DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019**

#### Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position

		2020		2019
Net Position				
Net Investment in capital assets	\$	109,108,776	\$	103,987,629
Unrestricted net position		13,667,236		3,230,835
Total Net Position		122,776,012		107,218,464
Total Net Tosition		122,770,012	_	107,210,404
Non-Current Liabilities				
Bonds payable and bonds premium- excluding current portion		8,234,832		9,320,454
Sick leave - excluding current portion		4,115,499		4,261,596
Sick leave annuities - obligation		4,228,769		4,077,934
Accrued vacation - excluding current portion		322,094		290,903
Net OPEB liability		31,894,371		36,263,649
Net pension liability		28,322,811		27,291,293
Total Non-Current Liabilities		77,118,376		81,505,829
Current Liabilities		1 005 000		1 720 000
Bonds payable - current portion		1,005,000		1,730,000
Accounts payable		5,218,807		4,984,346
Customer deposits		2,479,629		2,377,753
Accrued liabilities:		1 265 001		1 227 596
Vacation - current portion		1,265,981 406,137		1,227,586 387,054
Sick leave - current portion Interest		91,403		96,919
Payroll		336,950		366,358
Other		101,492		172,979
Other		101,472		172,777
<b>Total Current Liabilities</b>		10,905,399		11,342,995
<b>Total Liabilities</b>		88,023,775	_	92,848,824
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Rate stabilization		2,300,000		2,300,000
Deferred inflows for pensions		11,169,903		5,375,686
Deferred inflows for OPEB		12,120,618		6,446,437
Contribution in aid of construction		4,637,629		3,627,411
<b>Total Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>		30,228,150		17,749,534
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources	ø	241 027 027	ø	217.017.022
and Net Position	\$	241,027,937	\$	217,816,822

# STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

# FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

	2020	2019
Operating Revenues		
Sales of Electricity		
Commercial and industrial	\$ 47,251,581	\$ 50,480,723
Residential	43,918,108	41,132,437
Sales for resale	1,525,645	1,744,896
Municipal	4,363,191	4,756,372
Discounts given	(2,677,464)	(2,772,891)
<b>Total Sales of Electricity</b>	94,381,061	95,341,537
Other Operating Revenues	1,651,659	2,354,801
<b>Total Operating Revenues</b>	96,032,720	97,696,338
<b>Operating Expenses</b>		
Power production and purchases	40,208,018	48,626,623
Transmission and distribution	23,098,616	18,173,299
Customer accounting	3,960,750	3,791,301
Administrative and general	5,175,281	6,952,381
Depreciation	8,056,719	8,138,339
Contribution in aid of construction amortization	(101,821)	
Loss on disposal of property		1,637,497
Nuclear expense	309,454	273,385
<b>Total Operating Expenses</b>	80,707,017	87,592,825
<b>Earnings from Operations</b>	15,325,703	10,103,513
Non-Operating Income (Expenses)		
Interest expense	(292,382)	(372,970)
Interest income	5,314	72,455
Internet income, net of expenses of \$1,285,981		
and \$1,138,704 for 2020 and 2019, respectively	773,993	853,403
Investment income-sick leave fund	1,431,388	3,051,737
Investment income-retirement fund	1,098,912	2,343,797
Other income	209,620	216,059
<b>Net Non-Operating Income</b>	3,226,845	6,164,481
Income Before Transfers	18,552,548	16,267,994
Transfers Out		
Payment in lieu of taxes	(2,995,000)	(2,995,000)
Change in Net Position	15,557,548	13,272,994
Net Position - Beginning	107,218,464	93,945,470
Net Position - Ending	\$ 122,776,012	\$ 107,218,464

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

# FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

	2020	2019
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Cash received from customers Cash payments to employees Cash payments to suppliers	\$ 99,773,407 (19,389,590) (66,143,075)	\$ 104,626,574 (18,665,559) (74,329,416)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	14,240,742	11,631,599
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities: Payment to City in lieu of taxes	(2,995,000)	(2,995,000)
Net Cash Used in Non-Capital Financing Activities	(2,995,000)	(2,995,000)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities Additions to utility plant, including construction in process Principal paid on bonds Interest paid on bonds	(9,593,453) (1,730,000) (378,549)	(14,390,118) (1,735,000) (446,110)
Net Cash Used in Capital and Related Financing Activities	(11,702,002)	(16,571,228)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Interest and dividend income Investment income - sick leave fund Investment income - retirement fund	5,314 710,701 549,066	72,455 606,281 469,271
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	1,265,081	1,148,007
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	808,821	(6,786,622)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year	33,555,103	40,341,725
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year (Note D)	\$ 34,363,924	\$ 33,555,103
Cash, certificates of deposit and short term investments at December 31, are refollows:	eflected on the bala	nce sheet as
	2020	2019
Cash Customer deposits Depreciation - designated funds Rate stabilization - designated funds	\$ 16,841,076 2,014,030 13,208,818 2,300,000 \$ 34,363,924	\$ 16,134,590 1,911,695 13,208,818 2,300,000 \$ 33,555,103

# STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED)

# FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

	2020	2019
Provided by Operating Activities		_
Change in net position	\$ 15,325,703	\$ 10,103,513
Adjustments to reconcile change in net position to net cash		
provided by operating activities:		
Internet income, net	773,993	853,403
Investment losses (income) on investments in associated companies	31,568	(27,070)
Depreciation	8,056,719	8,138,339
Amortization	(101,821)	
Loss on disposal of property		1,637,497
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Increase in accounts receivable	(849,696)	(512,706)
Increase in sick leave fund	(710,701)	(606,281)
Increase in retirement fund	(549,066)	(469,271)
Increase in other post - employment benefits fund	(2,314)	(7,630)
Increase in prepaid expenses	(4,090,541)	(1,523,955)
Increase in deferred outflows of resources	(11,331,339)	(8,657,129)
Decrease in materials and supplies inventory	72,876	71,156
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources for pensions	5,794,217	(73,010)
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources for OPEB	5,674,181	(2,122,968)
(Decrease) increase in net OPEB liability	(4,369,278)	747,057
Increase in net pension liability	1,031,518	7,513,656
Decrease in accounts payable	(458,859)	(3,359,702)
Increase in customer deposits	101,876	55,310
Decrease in sick leave liability	(127,014)	(308,182)
(Decrease) increase in accrued liabilities	(31,280)	179,572
<b>Total Adjustments</b>	(1,084,961)	1,528,086
<b>Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities</b>	\$ 14,240,742	\$ 11,631,599
Non-Cash Investing Activities:		
Change in the fair value of investments - sick leave fund	\$ 720,687	\$ 2,445,456
Change in the fair value of investments - retirement fund	\$ 549,846	\$ 1,874,526
Change in the fair state of instruments sementiality fair	<del>+ 0.0,0.0</del>	- 1,071,020

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

#### NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### **NATURE OF OPERATIONS**

The Taunton Municipal Lighting Plant (the "Plant") (a component unit of the City of Taunton, Massachusetts) is a regulated municipal electric utility located in Taunton, Massachusetts. The Plant produces, purchases and distributes electricity to approximately 38,000 customers in the City of Taunton and the surrounding areas.

These financial statements present only the financial position, results of operations, and cash flows of the Plant and do not present the financial position, results of operations, and cash flows of the City of Taunton as a whole.

#### **BASIS OF ACCOUNTING**

The Plant presents its financial statements on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Under the accrual basis revenues are recognized when earned and expenses when the related liability for goods and services is incurred regardless of the timing of cash flows.

The Plant's operations are reported as an enterprise fund. Enterprise funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (including depreciation) of providing goods and services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

#### **USE OF ESTIMATES**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### RATES

The Plant is under the charge and control of the Municipal Lighting Plant Commissioners in accordance with Chapter 164, Section 55, of the General Laws of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts. Electric power is both produced and purchased and is distributed to customers within their service area.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

#### NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### RATES (CONTINUED)

The rates charged by the Plant to its customers are filed with the Department of Public Utilities (DPU) and are subject to Chapter 164, Section 58, of the General Laws, which provides that prices shall be fixed to yield not more than 8% per annum on the cost of the plant after repayment of operating expenses, interest on outstanding debt, the requirements of any serial debt and depreciation.

The Plant's rates include a Purchased Power Cost Adjustment ("PPCA") which allows an adjustment of rates charged to customers in order to recover all changes in power costs from stipulated base costs. The PPCA provides for a quarterly reconciliation of total power costs billed with the actual cost of power incurred.

#### **DEFERRED OUTFLOWS / INFLOWS OF RESOURCES**

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate section represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until that later date. At December 31, 2020 and 2019, the Plant reported \$29,005,759 and \$17,674,420, respectively of deferred outflows of resources related to pension and OPEB (Other Post-Employment Benefits) in the statement of net position. A deferred outflow of resources related to pension and OPEB results from differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions or other inputs. These amounts are deferred and included in pension/OPEB expense in a systematic and rational manner over a period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension and OPEB plans (active employees and inactive employees).

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate section represents the acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and therefore will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until a later date. At December 31, 2020 and 2019, there was \$2,300,000 and \$2,300,000 in deferred inflows related to a rate stabilization adjustment. The Plant also reports a deferred inflow of resources related to pension plan and OPEB. At December 31, 2020 and 2019, there was \$23,290,521 and \$11,822,123, respectively, in deferred inflows due to changes of assumptions related to the pension plan and OPEB. A deferred inflow of resources related to pension results from differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions or other inputs. These amounts are deferred and include in pension expense in a systematic and rational manner over a period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension plan (active employees and inactive employees). Additionally at December 31, 2020 and 2019, there was \$4,637,629 and \$3,627,411, respectively in deferred inflows due to contributions in aid of construction.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

#### NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **UTILITY PLANT**

The provision for depreciation of the utility plant was computed in 2020 and 2019 at 3% of the cost of plant in service at the beginning of the year, exclusive of land and land rights. No depreciation is taken in the year of plant additions and a full year's depreciation is taken in the year of disposal.

Massachusetts law stipulates that the Plant may change its depreciation rate from the statutory 3% only with the approval of the DPU. Depreciation designated cash is used in accordance with state laws for replacements, enlargements and additions to the utility plant in service. The Plant capitalizes individual purchases of \$3,000 or more and groups of purchases of similar items of \$5,000 or more. Office furniture purchased for more than \$1,000 or office equipment, meters, transformers and vehicles purchased for more than \$500 are capitalized.

#### INVESTMENT IN SEABROOK

The Plant's Investment in Seabrook Plant represents a 0.10034% joint ownership share. The Plant records annual depreciation computed at 4% of the initial investment in Seabrook. The Plant's percentage share of new plant additions are capitalized and their share of operating and maintenance expenses, and decommissioning expenses (see Note C) are charged against earnings.

#### SICK LEAVE FUND

The Plant maintains a fully funded Sick Leave Fund for the financing of future sick leave payments. It is the Plant's intention that the Sick Leave Fund be funded to the extent of the Plant's sick leave liability and that future sick leave expense will be paid by the Sick Leave Fund. The assets of the Sick Leave Fund are shown in the financial statements to provide a more meaningful presentation, as the assets of the Sick Leave Fund are for the sole purpose of satisfying a liability of the Plant.

#### PLANT EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT FUND

The Plant has established a separate Employees Retirement Fund for the financing of future contributions to the City's pension plan (see Note H).

#### CASH EQUIVALENTS

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the Plant considers all deposits with original maturities of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

#### NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **INVESTMENTS**

The Plant invests in various types of investments, which are stated at fair value in the statement of net position, based on quotations from applicable national securities exchanges. Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

Realized gains and losses, as well as changes in value of the invested funds, are included in the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position. The Plant investments are held in the Sick Leave Fund and Plant Employees' Retirement Fund. Investment securities, in general, are exposed to various risks, such as interest rate, credit and overall market volatility. Due to the level of risks associated with certain investment securities, it is reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment securities will occur in the near term and that such change could materially affect the amounts reported in the statements of net position and activities.

#### ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

The Plant carries its accounts receivable at net realizable value by way of an allowance for doubtful accounts. Collectability of receivables is determined based on historical write offs and collections, on knowledge of specific large accounts, and on current economic conditions.

#### **REVENUE RECOGNITION**

The Plant revenues are based on rates established by the Plant as authorized by the Board of Commissioners and filed with the Massachusetts Department of Public Utilities. Revenues from sales of electricity are recorded on the basis of bills rendered from monthly meter readings taken on a cycle basis. Revenues are stated net of discounts and any related bad debts.

#### MATERIAL AND SUPPLIES INVENTORY

Materials and supplies inventory is carried at cost, principally on the average cost method. The cost of inventory is expensed when consumed rather than purchased.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

#### NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### PENSION PLAN

Substantially all employees of the Plant are covered by a contributory defined benefit pension plan administered by the City of Taunton in conformity with State Retirement Board requirements (see Note H).

#### **TAXES**

The Plant is exempt from federal and state income taxes as well as local property taxes. The Plant pays an amount to the City of Taunton in lieu of taxes. The amount is voted annually by the Municipal Lighting Commission.

#### OPERATING AND NON-OPERATING REVENUES AND EXPENSES

The Plant distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from non-operating. Operating revenues result from charges to customers for electricity and related services. Operating expenses include the cost of operations, maintenance, sales and service, administrative expenses and depreciation. All revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are reported as non-operating income and expenses.

#### RESTRICTED VERSUS UNRESTRICTED RESOURCES

When both restricted and unrestricted amounts are available for use, the Plant's practice is to use restricted resources first.

#### PREPAID EXPENSES

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are reflected as prepaid expenses. Prepaid expenses are expensed when consumed rather than purchased.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

#### NOTE B – PLANT IN SERVICE

Plant in service activity for the year ended December 31, 2020 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Retirements & Adjustments	Ending Balance
Production	\$ 99,524,173	\$ 9,648,952	\$	\$ 109,173,125
Transmission	7,684,821	124,451		7,809,272
Distribution	120,979,117	3,756,842	(3,936,813)	120,799,146
General	44,045,184	1,137,728		45,182,912
Total Plant in Service	272,233,295	14,667,973	(3,936,813)	282,964,455
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Production	75,142,576	2,274,377		77,416,953
Transmission	7,080,768	25,725		7,106,493
Distribution	69,623,008	3,666,716	(3,936,813)	69,352,911
General	29,549,196	2,085,416		31,634,612
Total Accumulated Depreciation	181,395,548	8,052,234	(3,936,813)	185,510,969
Net Utility Plant in Service	\$ 90,837,747	\$ 6,615,739	\$	\$ 97,453,486

Depreciation expense for utility plant in service of \$8,052,234 and for the investment in Seabrook of \$4,485 was charged to operating expenses for the year ended December 31, 2020.

Plant in service activity for the year ended December 31, 2019 was as follows:

	Beginning		Retirements	Ending	
	Balance	Additions	& Adjustments	Balance	
				_	
Production	\$ 98,142,810	\$ 1,381,363	\$	\$ 99,524,173	
Transmission	7,662,967	21,854		7,684,821	
Distribution	115,132,734	5,846,383		120,979,117	
General	42,342,089	1,704,971	(1,876)	44,045,184	
Total plant in service	263,280,600	8,954,571	(1,876)	272,233,295	
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:					
Production	73,002,806	2,139,770		75,142,576	
Transmission	7,054,691	26,077		7,080,768	
Distribution	66,127,670	3,495,338		69,623,008	
General	27,078,888	2,472,184	(1,876)	29,549,196	
Total Accumulated Depreciation	173,264,055	8,133,369	(1,876)	181,395,548	
Net Utility Plant in Service	\$ 90,016,545	\$ 821,202	\$	\$ 90,837,747	

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

#### NOTE B – PLANT IN SERVICE (CONTINUED)

Depreciation expense for utility plant in service of \$8,133,369 and for the investment in Seabrook of \$4,970 was charged to operating expenses for the year ended December 31, 2019.

#### NOTE C – INVESTMENTS

#### **SEABROOK**

The Plant is a 0.10034% joint owner of the Seabrook New Hampshire Unit 1.

The joint owners of Seabrook have established a Decommissioning Fund that is currently held by a Trustee. The Plant's share of the estimated decommissioning liability is approximately \$1,117,307 as of December 31, 2020 (the most current valuation date).

Each joint owner is required to make monthly payments into the Nuclear Decommissioning Financing Fund in accordance with the Decommissioning Fund Funding Schedule. The cost is included in nuclear expense on the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position as it is paid. No payments into the Nuclear Decommissioning Financing Fund were required for the year ended December 31, 2020.

#### ENERGY NEW ENGLAND

Energy New England, LLC ("ENE") is an energy services company established to assist publicly owned entities to ensure their continued viability in the deregulated wholesale electric utility markets and to strengthen their competitive position in the retail energy market for the benefit of the municipal entities. ENE functions as an autonomous, entrepreneurial business unit that is free from many of the constraints imposed on traditional municipal utility operations. The Plant owns a 36.35% interest in ENE. Each of the six members has one seat on the Board of Directors along with three outside Directors. The Plant's initial investment in the company in 1998 was \$500,000. The Plant records this investment under the equity method.

Included in non-operating income is approximately \$210,000 and \$216,000 of gains for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively, representing the Plant's share of ENE's results of operations.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

#### NOTE C – INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### HYDRO QUEBEC ELECTRIC COMPANY

In 1988, the Plant entered into an agreement with the Massachusetts Municipal Wholesale Electric Company and other New England Utilities and Hydro-Quebec Electric Corporation ("Hydro Quebec"). In connection with the agreement, the Plant advanced approximately \$800,000 toward development of the project of which approximately \$450,000 was returned after the project obtained financing. In 1991, the Hydro Quebec project was completed. Upon completion of this project, each participant received stock in the New England Hydro Transmission Electric Company and the New England Hydro Transmission Corporation proportional to their advances. The investment is being accounted for on the cost basis. The stock received is not readily marketable, but gives the holder rights to purchase power at a percentage of the fossil fuel rate. During the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, the Plant received no dividends from the two companies.

#### SICK LEAVE FUND AND PLANT EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT FUND INVESTMENTS

In determining fair value, the Plant uses various valuation approaches, as appropriate in the circumstances. GASB Statement No. 72 establishes a fair value hierarchy for inputs used in measuring fair value that maximizes the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs by requiring that the most observable inputs be used when available. The fair value hierarchy is categorized into three levels based on the inputs as follows:

Level 1 – Unadjusted quoted priced in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 – Inputs other than quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities that are observable either directly or indirectly for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level 3 – Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability (supported by little or no market activity). Inputs include management's own assumption about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability (including assumptions about risk).

The following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for assets and liabilities measured at fair value:

Domestic Equities (excluding mutual funds): Valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities.

Mutual funds: Valued at the daily closing price as reported by the fund. Mutual funds held by the Plant are open-ended mutual funds that are registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission. These funds are required to publish their daily net asset value (NAV) and to transact at that price. The mutual funds held by the Plant are deemed to be actively traded.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

#### NOTE C – INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

# SICK LEAVE FUND AND PLANT EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT FUND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Fixed income securities: Valued using active market quotations or prices obtained from independent pricing sources which may employ various pricing methods to value the investments, including matrix pricing based on quoted prices for securities with similar coupons, ratings and maturities. Accordingly, this class of investments is rated within Levels 1 and 2 of hierarchy.

Financial assets and liabilities carried at fair value as of December 31, 2020 are classified in the following tables in one of the three categories described above:

	S	ick Leave Fun	d				
Description		Level 1		Level 2	Level 3		Fair Value
Domestic Equities (excluding mutual funds) Mutual Funds	\$	6,408,269	\$		\$ 	\$	6,408,269
Domestic Equity		4,793,592					4,793,592
Domestic Fixed Income		1,093,356					1,093,356
International Fixed Income		1,089,722					1,089,722
Fixed Income Securities (excluding mutual funds)	_	1,434,835	_	3,065,844	 	_	4,500,679
	\$	14,819,774	\$	3,065,844	\$ 		17,885,618
Cash and cash equivalents							264,855
Total sick leave fund						\$	18,150,473

Plant	Emp	oloyees' Retire	ment	Fund			
Description		Level 1		Level 2	Level 3		Fair Value
Domestic Equities (excluding mutual funds) Mutual Funds	\$	4,899,383	\$		\$ 	\$	4,899,383
Domestic Equity		3,684,890					3,684,890
Domestic Fixed Income		840,537					840,537
International Fixed Income		837,429					837,429
Fixed Income Securities (excluding mutual funds)	_	1,168,340		2,295,902	 	_	3,464,242
	\$	11,430,579	\$	2,295,902	\$ 		13,726,481
Cash and cash equivalents						_	226,997
Total Plant employees' retirement fund						\$	13,953,478

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

# NOTE C – INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

# SICK LEAVE FUND AND PLANT EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT FUND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Financial assets and liabilities carried at fair value as of December 31, 2019 are classified in the following tables in one of the three categories described above:

Description		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3		Fair Value
Domestic Equities (excluding mutual funds)	\$	7,175,790	\$ 	\$ 	\$	7,175,790
Mutual Funds						
Domestic Equity		4,740,092				4,740,092
Domestic Fixed Income		996,978				996,978
International Fixed Income		830,437				830,437
Fixed Income Securities (excluding mutual funds)	_	616,962	 2,137,892	 <u></u>		2,754,854
	\$	14,360,259	\$ 2,137,892	\$ 		16,498,151
Cash and cash equivalents					_	220,934
Total sick leave fund					\$	16,719,085

#### Plant Employees' Retirement Fund

Description	_	Level 1	Level 2		Level 3	Fair Value
Domestic Equities (excluding mutual funds)	\$	5,511,883	\$ 	\$		\$ 5,511,883
Mutual Funds						
Domestic Equity		3,641,373				3,641,373
Domestic Fixed Income		766,587				766,587
International Fixed Income		638,416				638,416
Fixed Income Securities (excluding mutual funds)		442,983	 1,675,123	_	<u></u>	 2,118,106
	\$	11,001,242	\$ 1,675,123	\$		12,676,365
Cash and cash equivalents						 178,201
Total Plant employees' retirement fund						\$ 12,854,566

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

# NOTE C – INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

# SICK LEAVE FUND AND PLANT EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT FUND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

The following are maturities of the Plant's debt related securities, as of December 31, 2020:

		Si	ck Lea	ve Fund				
		Fair		0-3		3-5		Over
Type of Investment		Value		Years		Years		5 Years
Fixed Income Securities	\$	4,500,679	\$	1,482,524	\$	1,170,626	\$	1,847,529
		Plant Empl	oyees'	Retirement Fu	nd			
		Fair		0-3		3-5		Over
Type of Investment		Value		Years		Years		5 Years
Fixed Income Securities  The following are maturi	\$ities of	3,464,242 the Plant's 6	<u>\$</u>	1,137,657	<u>\$</u>	911,789 s of December	\$er 31,	1,414,796 , 2019:
		Si	ck Lea	ve Fund				
		Fair		0-3		3-5		Over
Type of Investment		Value		Years		Years		5 Years
Fixed Income Securities	<u>\$</u>	2,754,854	\$	542,431	\$	899,184	\$	1,313,239
		Plant Empl	oyees'	Retirement Fu	nd			
		Fair		0-3		3-5		Over
Type of Investment		Value		Years		Years		5 Years
Fixed Income Securities	\$	2,118,106	\$	357,960	\$	761,459	\$	998,687

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

# NOTE C – INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

# SICK LEAVE FUND AND PLANT EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT FUND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Average ratings of the investments comprising the debt related securities above, as determined by Standards & Poor's as of December 31, 2020 are as follows:

	S	lick Leave	Plan	Plant Employees'				
		Fund	Reti	irement Fund				
	Fixed Income Securities							
United States Treasury	\$	1,505,477	\$	1,099,204				
Government Agencies		986,549		777,029				
AAA		701,656		562,248				
AA		48,157		41,917				
A		443,767		338,456				
BBB		815,073		645,388				
Total	\$	4,500,679	\$	3,464,242				

Average ratings of the investments comprising the debt related securities above, as determined by Standards & Poor's as of December 31, 2019 are as follows:

	S	Sick Leave		Plant Employees'				
		Fund		irement Fund				
	Fixed Income Securities							
United States Treasury	\$	752,351	\$	533,127				
Government Agencies		858,963		691,138				
AAA		364,192		297,382				
AA		29,477		22,876				
A		211,848		163,518				
BBB		538,023		410,065				
Total	\$	2,754,854	\$	2,118,106				

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

#### NOTE C – INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

# SICK LEAVE FUND AND PLANT EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT FUND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### **Concentrations**

At December 31, 2020 and 2019, the Plant had a diversified portfolio in its Sick Leave and Plant Employees' Retirement Funds, which was invested in various mutual funds and fixed income securities, as detailed above.

#### Interest Rate Risk

Certain of the Plant's investments are held in mutual funds which do not bear specified interest rates. The rate of return on these investments is dependent on the operating results of the entities included in the portfolio of the mutual funds as well as overall economic conditions.

#### Custodial Credit Risk

The Plant does not have a formal policy with respect to custodial credit risk. Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Plant will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Plant does not believe that it has a significant custodial credit risk as all the investments are registered and held in the name of the Plant.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

#### NOTE D – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The Plant's cash is primarily deposited with the City of Taunton Treasurer who commingles it with other City funds. Accordingly, it is not practical to disclose the related bank balance and credit risk of such cash deposits for the Plant. Funds on deposit with financial institutions are subject to the insurance coverage limits imposed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). The amount of insurance coverage for the Plant's deposits is not determinable because the limits of insurance are computed on a City-wide basis.

The City invests the cash and credits the Plant each year with interest earned on the cash deposits.

Cash and cash equivalents consist of the following at December 31, 2020 and 2019:

	2020		2019
Cash - operating Customer deposits Depreciation - designated funds	\$	16,841,076 2,014,030 13,208,818	\$ 13,291,405 1,911,695 13,208,818
Rate stabilization - designated funds		2,300,000	 2,300,000
Cash Deposited with City of Taunton		34,363,924	30,711,918
Cash Deposited with Energy New England LLC	_		 2,843,185
	\$	34,363,924	\$ 33,555,103

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

#### NOTE E - SHORT -TERM AND LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt consists of the following:

2020.

#### LONG-TERM DEBT OUTSTANDING AND ACTIVITY

\$7,250,000 general	obligation	on bor	nds, iss	sue	d Jur	ne 15	, 2010,
with interest rates	ranging	from	2.5%	to	4%	and	annual

principal and semi-annual interest payments through June 1,

\$ -- \$ 725,000

2020

\$2,251,000 general obligation bond, issued September 26, 2013, with interest rates ranging from 2% to 3% and annual principal and semi-annual interest payments through September 1, 2023.

675,000 900,000

2019

\$1,425,000 general obligation bond, issued May 22, 2014, with interest rates ranging from 2% to 4% and annual principal and semi-annual interest payments through March 1, 2024.

560,000 700,000

\$9,075,500 general obligation bonds, issued September 28, 2017, with interest rates ranging from 2% to 5% and annual principal and semi-annual interest payments through September 15, 2037.

7,140,000 7,780,000

Bond premiums

Balance of long-term debt, Ending

9,239,832 945,454 9,239,832 11,050,454

Less: current installments of long-term debt

(1,005,000) (1,730,000)

Long-term debt, excluding current installments

8,234,832 \$ 9,320,454

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

# NOTE E - SHORT -TERM AND LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

### LONG-TERM DEBT OUTSTANDING AND ACTIVITY (CONTINUED)

The future payments on the long-term debt are as follows:

Year	P	Principal	Interest	Total
				_
2021	\$	1,005,000	\$ 319,469	\$ 1,324,469
2022		1,000,000	276,519	1,276,519
2023		1,000,000	233,819	1,233,819
2024		770,000	200,806	970,806
2025		630,000	161,169	791,169
Thereafter		3,970,000	 679,288	4,649,288
		8,375,000	\$ 1,871,070	\$ 10,246,070
Add bond premiums		864,832		
Total	\$	9,239,832		

These general obligation bonds are guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the City of Taunton.

Long-term debt activity for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 were as follows:

						2020				
	(	Outstanding					(	Outstanding		Due Within
Description	Dece	ember 31, 2019		Additions		Retirements	Dece	ember 31, 2020		One Year
	S	10 105 000	•		•	(1.720.000)	e	0.275.000	¢.	1 005 000
General obligation bonds	3	10,105,000	\$		Þ	(1,730,000)	\$	8,375,000	\$	1,005,000
Bond Premium		945,454		1 557 212		(80,622)		864,832		80,622
Compensated absences		6,167,139		1,557,212		(1,614,640)		6,109,711		1,672,118
Other post - employment benefits obligation		36,263,649		10,088,733		(14,458,011)		31,894,371		
Net pension liability		27,291,293		24,540,003		(23,508,485)		28,322,811		
Sick leave annuities - obligation		4,077,934		150,835	_	<del></del>		4,228,769		<u></u>
Long-Term Liabilities	\$	84,850,469	\$	36,336,783	\$	(41,391,758)	\$	79,795,494	\$	2,757,740
						2019				
	(	Outstanding					(	Outstanding		Due Within
Description	Dece	ember 31, 2018		Additions		Retirements	Dece	ember 31, 2019		One Year
	ф	11 040 000	Φ.			(1.525.000)	ф	10.107.000	Φ.	1 520 000
General obligation bonds	\$	11,840,000	\$		\$	(1,735,000)	\$	10,105,000	\$	1,730,000
Bond Premium		1,003,188				(57,734)		945,454		80,622
Compensated absences		6,403,197		1,151,853		(1,387,911)		6,167,139		1,614,640
Other post - employment benefits obligation		35,516,592		2,347,810		(1,600,753)		36,263,649		
Net pension liability		19,777,637		13,793,891		(6,280,235)		27,291,293		
Sick leave annuities - obligation		4,033,815		44,119				4,077,934	_	
Long-Term Liabilities		78,574,429		17,337,673		(11,061,633)		84,850,469		3,425,262

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

#### NOTE F – LEASE OBLIGATION

The Plant leases certain equipment under monthly operating leases. Rental expense was \$73,576 for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019. As of December 31, the remaining operating lease obligations are as follows:

2021	\$ 73,576
2022	73,576
2023	 22,280
Total	\$ 169,432

#### NOTE G – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

#### LITIGATION AND OTHER MATTERS

The Plant is involved in various legal matters incident to its business, none of which is believed by management to be significant to the financial condition or the results of operations of the Plant.

The Plant is also involved in proceedings relating to environmental matters. Although it is not possible to estimate the liability, if any, of the Plant related to these environmental matters, the Plant believes that these matters will not have a material adverse effect upon its financial condition or the results of operations.

The Plant has a program for insurance coverage provided by the Massachusetts Municipal Utility Self-Insurance Trust Fund ("Trust"). The insurance coverage provided by the Trust is in excess of a \$50,000 self-retention up to a maximum of \$500,000 per occurrence. Additionally, coverage for certain environmental claims is provided by the Trust through a separate policy for which the plant is responsible for a \$50,000 self-retention and the Trust covers the next \$50,000. Above this combined \$100,000 self-retention, the separate pollution liability policy provides coverage for certain claims up to \$1 million per occurrence and \$10 million aggregate. There have been no settlements exceeding the insurance coverage in the past three years.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

#### NOTE G – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)

#### **OPTION CONTRACTS**

The Plant manages risk associated with power supply commitments and excess capacity by entering into forward contracts for the purchase and sale of electricity and fuel in the normal course of business. It also uses put and call option contracts to reduce the price risk associated with its power supply portfolio.

Put and call options are reflected at fair value as determined by actively quoted prices and are recorded on the statement of net position with changes in fair value included in purchased power and transmission expense. No option contracts were open as of December 31, 2020 and 2019.

Forward contracts to purchase electricity and fuel at set prices and other contracts to sell electricity at fixed prices qualify for the normal purchases and sales exception and are not accounted for as derivatives.

The objectives of the Plant's risk management procedures for option contract and power and fuel purchase and sale forward contract activities are to optimize power supply resources, control costs, and manage price volatility to customers while avoiding speculative positions in the commodities markets.

#### **POWER CONTRACTS**

The Plant has commitments under contracts for the purchase of electricity from various suppliers. These wholesale contracts are generally for fixed periods and require payment of demand and energy charges. The total costs under these contracts are included in purchased power in the statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position and are normally recoverable in revenues under cost recovery mechanisms mandated by the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

#### NOTE G – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)

#### POWER CONTRACTS (CONTINUED)

The status of these contracts is as follows:

Counter Party	Fuel	Annual KW Entitlements	Contract End Date	Estimateo Mini Payn	mum
Seabrook Nuclear Power Plant	Nuclear	1,170	2022	\$	582,000
New York Power Authority	Hydro	3,840	2025		903,000
MM Taunton Energy, LLC	Methane	1,630-1,900	2025	1,	,824,000
Fortistar Methane Group-GRS Fall River	Methane	5,000	2023	2,	,555,000
Brown Bear II Hydro, Inc.	Water	2,700	2021	1,	,229,000
Braintree Electric Light Department	Methane	10,000	2029	3,	,752,000
Granite Reliable Power LLC	Wind	1,000	2037		611,000
Southern Sky Renewable Energy County Street, LLC	Solar	3,000	2038	1,	,872,000
Manheim Remarketing, Inc.	Solar	3,000	2037	1,	,759,000
GLC-(MA) Taunton, LLC	Solar	3,000	2032	1,	,678,000
Berkley East Solar LLC	Solar	3,000	2036	1,	,444,000
GWE Taunton Solar RT, LLC	Solar	432	2035		238,000
Southern Sky Renewable Energy Berkley, LLC	Solar	3,000	2041	1,	,776,000
GSPP Raynham TMLP, LLC	Solar	2,280	2043	1,	,246,000
CNBE (New Bedford Land)	Unspecified	530	2023		187,000
Firstlight Power Resources Management, LLC	Water	6,100	2023	2,	,672,000
Palmer Renewable Energy, LLC	Unspecified	4,000	2040	2,	,381,000
FirstLight Power Resources Management, LLC	Unspecified	10,000	2030	2,	,328,000
Gravel Pit Solar III, LLC	Solar	7,370	2047		665,000
NextEra Energy Power Marketing, LLC	Nuclear	19,280	2044	5,	,775,000
Total				\$ 35,	,477,000

#### NOTE H - PENSION PLAN

#### **DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN**

The Plant contributes to the City of Taunton Retirement System (the "System"), a public employee retirement system that acts as the investment and administrative agent for the City. The System is a contributory cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan. All full-time employees participate in the System.

Instituted in 1937, the System is a member of the Massachusetts Contributory System and is governed by Massachusetts General Laws Chapter 32. Membership in the System is mandatory upon the commencement of employment for all permanent, full-time employees.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

#### NOTE H – PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

#### **DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN (CONTINUED)**

The System provides for retirement allowance benefits up to a maximum of 80% of a member's highest three-year average annual rate of regular compensation. Benefit payments are based upon a member's age, length of creditable service, level of compensation and group classification.

Members of the System become vested after 10 years of creditable service. A retirement allowance may be received upon reaching age 65 or upon attaining twenty years of service. The System also provides for early retirement at age 55 if the participant (1) has a record of 10 years of creditable service, (2) was on the City's payroll on January 1, 1978, (3) voluntarily left City employment on or after that date, and (4) left accumulated annuity deductions in the fund. Active members contribute either 5%, 7%, 8%, 9% of their regular compensation or 2% of salary in excess of \$30,000, depending on the date upon which their membership began. The System also provides death and disability benefits.

The System assesses the City each fiscal year an amount determined in accordance with its current funding schedule. The City allocates a portion of its obligation to the Plant based on the relative number of participants and the amount of payroll. The Plant's contributions to the System for 2020, 2019 and 2018 were \$4,439,358, \$4,242,252 and, \$4,181,168, respectively, and were equivalent to the required payments.

The current funding schedule includes the amount required to pay the employer normal cost (in addition to member contributions) plus the amortization of the prior unfunded actuarial accrued liability. The current funding schedule projects that the Plan will be fully funded in 2030. The funding schedule has been approved by the Public Employees Retirement Association.

At December 31, 2020, pension plan membership consisted of the following:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently	
receiving benefits	169
Inactive members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	6
Active plan members	147
Total	322

Copies of the System's audited financial statements can be obtained by writing to The City of Taunton Retirement System, 104 Dean Street, Suite 203, Taunton, MA 02780.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

#### NOTE H – PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

#### DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN (CONTINUED)

The Plan's investment policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established by the Retirement System Pension Board of Trustees. To diversify plan assets so as to minimize the risk associated with dependence of the success on one enterprise, the Board of Trustees decided to employ a multi-manager team approach to investing plan assets. Investment managers are employed to utilize individual expertise within their area of responsibility. Each manager is governed by individual investment guidelines. Separate manager guidelines for each investment manager shall serve as addenda to this Policy. Commingled funds will be governed by the guidelines adopted by said fund and reviewed during the contract negotiation process.

The following was the asset allocation as of December 31, 2020:

Asset Class	Target Allocation
Large Cap	25%
Mid Cap	10%
Small Cap	10%
International Equities	15%
Alternative Assets	5%
Real Assets	15%
Fixed income	<u>20%</u>
Total	<u>100%</u>

For the year ended December 31, 2020 the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expenses, was 21.5 percent. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2020, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3 Percent Salary increases 3.5 Percent

Investment rate of return 7.75 Percent, net of pension plan investment expense

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

#### NOTE H – PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

#### **DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN (CONTINUED)**

It is assumed that mortality for is represented by the various SOA Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Tables specific to the Group, Pre-retirement versus Post, Disabled and Beneficiaries, with Scale MP-2019 improvements until 2025.

The long-term expected rate of return on Plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target allocation as of December 31, 2020 are summarized as follows:

	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Real Rate of Return
Large Cap	6.4%
Mid Cap	8.9%
Small Cap	7.0%
International Equities	3.0%
Alternative Assets	6.5%
Real Assets	7.8%
Fixed income	1.6%

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed plan member contributions will be made as the current contribution rate and that the Plant's contributions will be made as the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

## NOTE H – PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

#### NET PENSION LIABILITY

The Plant's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2020.

The Plant reported a net pension liability of \$28,322,811 and \$27,291,293 as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively for its proportionate share of the Plan's net pension liability. The components of the net pension liability at December 31, 2020 and 2019, were as follows:

	Dec	ember 31, 2020	December 31, 2019		
Total pension liability	\$	126,672,653	\$	106,183,676	
Plan fiduciary net position		98,349,842		78,892,383	
Net pension liability	\$	28,322,811	\$	27,291,293	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		77.6%		74.3%	

#### SENSITIVITY OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TO CHANGES IN DISCOUNT RATE

The following presents the net pension liability of the System calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what the System's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.75 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

		Current Discount	
	1% Decrease	Rate	1% Increase
	6.75%	7.75%	8.75%
Net pension liability	\$ 41,895,397	\$ 28,322,811	\$ 16,818,457

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

## NOTE H – PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

## PENSION EXPENSE AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES RELATED TO PENSIONS

For the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, the Plant recognized pension expenses of \$4,738,374 and \$3,041,686, respectively. At December 31, 2020 and 2019, the Plant reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	2020				
	Defe	rred Outflows	Def	ferred Inflows	
	of	Resources	of Resources		
Contributions made subsequent to December 31, 2019	\$	4,439,358	\$		
Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings		6,595,234		10,423,754	
Employer contributions and proportionate share of					
contributions				358,849	
Changes in proportion and difference between employer					
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		804,153			
Current year amortization of changes in proportion		(445,304)			
Changes of assumptions		6,097,552		247,293	
Difference between expected and actual experience		5,933,135		140,007	
Total	\$	23,424,128	\$	11,169,903	

	2019				
	Defe	rred Outflows	Deferred Inflows		
	01	Resources	of Resources		
Contributions made subsequent to December 31, 2018	\$	4,242,252	\$		
Net asset loss (gain)		9,536,774		3,074,407	
Employer contributions and proportionate share of					
contributions				87,349	
Changes in proportion and difference between employer					
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		59,207			
Current year amortization of changes in proportion		28,142			
Changes of assumptions		2,159,342		1,413,604	
Difference between expected and actual experience		871,692		800,326	
Total	\$	16,897,409	\$	5,375,686	

At December 31, 2020, amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended December 31:	
2021	\$ 6,716,064
2022	2,391,202
2023	2,720,594
2024	377,454
2025	 48,911
	\$ 12,254,225

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

## NOTE H – PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

#### RETIREMENT FUND

The Plant has established a separate Plant Employees' Retirement Fund for the financing of future pension plan contributions. Net position at December 31, 2020 and 2019, was approximately \$13,953,000 and \$12,855,000, respectively. These funds are invested in money market funds, fixed income securities including government and corporate bonds and other equity securities. The Plant made no contributions to the Plant Employees Retirement Fund in 2020 and 2019.

## NOTE I – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

#### **PLAN DESCRIPTION**

The Plant participates in The Post Retirement Benefits Plan of The City of Taunton, an agent multi-employer defined benefit healthcare plan administered by the City of Taunton. The Plant provides post-employment health care benefits to retirees that meet certain requirements. Retirees of the Plant under age 65 are eligible for the same health benefits as active employees, while retirees over the age of 65 are eligible for MEDEX. Chapter 32B of the Massachusetts General Laws assigns authority to establish and amend benefit provisions of the Plan. The Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

At June 30, 2020, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the Plant's membership consisted of the following:

At June 30, 2020 the Plant's membership consisted of the following:

Current active members	129
Current retirees and beneficiaries	199
Total	328

#### **FUNDING POLICY**

The contribution requirements of the Plan members and the Plant are established and may be amended through collective bargaining. The cost of the benefits provided to retirees are borne 75% by the Plant, and 25% by the retiree. The Plant currently contributes enough money to the Plan to satisfy current obligations on a pay-as-you-go basis.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

## NOTE I – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

### ACTUARIAL METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effect of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The significant methods and assumptions as of the latest actuarial valuation are as follows:

Valuation date: June 30, 2020

Actuarial cost method: Entry Age Normal

Asset valuation method: Market value of Assets

Investment rate of return: Partial Prefunding: 2.5% (previously 3.75%), net of investment expenses

Medical inflation: 4.50% as of June 30, 2020 and for future periods

Dental trend rate: 4.00% as of June 30, 2020 and for future periods

Preretirement mortality: It is assumed that both pre-retirement mortality and beneficiary mortality

is represented by the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality with Scale MP-2015, fully generational. Mortality for retired members is represented by the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table set forward five years for males and 3 years for females, fully generational. Mortality for disabled members is represented by the RP-2000 Mortality Table set forward six

Marriage Assumptions: 80% of males and 60% of females assumed to be married with wives to

be three years younger than their husband

#### **INVESTMENT POLICY**

The Plant's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the committee by a majority vote of its members. It is the policy of the Plant to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

## NOTE I – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

## **INVESTMENT POLICY (CONTINUED)**

The following was the asset allocation as of December 31, 2020.

	2020
Asset Class	<b>Target Allocation</b>
Large Cap	25%
Mid Cap	10%
Small Cap	10%
International Equities	15%
Alternative Assets	5%
Real Assets	15%
Fixed income	<u>20%</u>
Total	<u>100%</u>

## RATE OF RETURN

For the year ended December 31, 2020, the annual money-weighted rate of return on investment, net of investment expense, was 4.82%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Real Rate of Return
Large Cap	6.4%
Mid Cap	8.9%
Small Cap	7.0%
International Equities	3.0%
Alternative Assets	6.5%
Real Assets	7.8%
Fixed income	1.6%

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

## NOTE I – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

#### NET OPEB LIABILITY

The Plant reported a net OPEB liability of \$31,894,371 and \$36,263,649 as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively for its proportionate share of the Plan's net OPEB liability. The components of the net OPEB liability of the Plant at December 31, 2020 and 2019, were as follows:

	 2020	2019		
Total OPEB liability	\$ 31,983,984	\$	36,351,675	
Plans fiduciary net position	 89,613		88,026	
Plant's net OPEB liability	\$ 31,894,371	\$	36,263,649	
Plan net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	0.28%		0.24%	

## SENSITIVITY OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY TO CHANGES IN THE DISCOUNT RATE

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the system calculated using the discount rate of 2.5%, as well as what the system's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.5%) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.5%) than the current rate. The Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a percentage of the Total OPEB Liability is 0.1%.

	Impact of	Impact of 1% Change in Discount Rate					
		Current Discount					
	1% Decrease	Rate	1% Increase				
	1.50%	2.50%	3.50%				
Net OPEB liability	\$ 37,558,832	\$ 31,894,371	\$ 27,421,752				

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the system calculated using the current trend rates, as well as what the system's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using trend rates 1-percentage-point lower for all years or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rates:

	Impact of 19	Impact of 1% Change in Healthcare Trend Rate						
	1% Decrease	Current Trend	1% Increase					
Net OPEB liability	\$ 26,750,846	\$ 31,894,371	\$ 38,629,410					

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

## NOTE I – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

#### **OPEB FUND**

In March 2015 the Plant established an OPEB Trust Fund for the purpose of accumulating assets to fund future payments of OPEB obligations. The initial funding of the Trust was \$500,000 made in February 2016. Net position at December 31, 2020 and 2019, was approximately \$518,000 and \$515,000, respectively.

#### NOTE J - INTERNET ACCESS BUSINESS UNIT

The Plant also operates an internet access business unit and provides services to approximately 1,000 customers. Revenue and expense for this business unit are combined and presented as a single line item in non-operating income (expense) in the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position, as this activity is not the Plant's primary operating activity. Internet services generated revenues of approximately \$2,060,000 and \$1,992,000 for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively. Expenses were approximately \$1,139,000 and \$1,286,000 for the same periods, respectively.

The business unit utilizes certain assets of the Plant. For the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, other operating revenue for the Plant and internet expense includes approximately \$133,000, relating to this cost allocation.

#### NOTE K - SALE OF EMISSION ALLOWANCES

The Plant receives emission allowances in connection with the operation of its generation facilities. The Plant may from time to time purchase or sell excess emission allowances on the open market. The income from the sale or the expense from the expiration of allowances are recorded as non-operating income or expense on the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position.

#### NOTE L – SICK LEAVE ANNUITIES

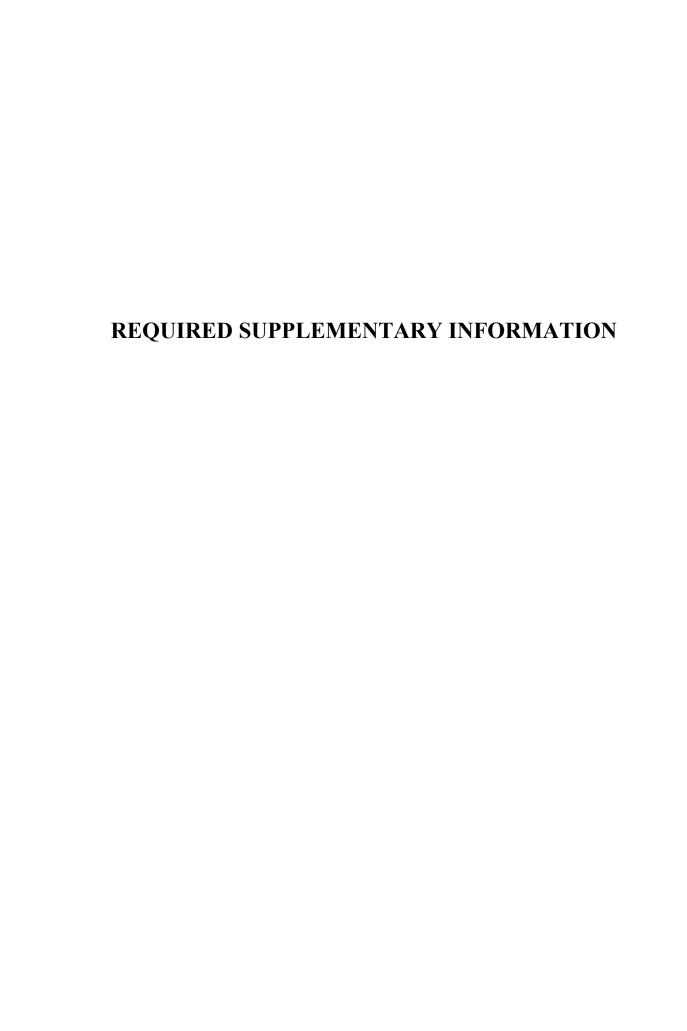
If an employee is terminated for any reason, other than for cause, the Taunton Municipal Lighting Plant purchases a single premium annuity for the employees benefit. The value of the annuity is the value of the employee's unused sick leave at the time of termination. The Taunton Municipal Lighting Plant retains ownership of said annuity with the terminated employee being the designated annuitant on the policy.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

## NOTE M – ECONOMIC UNCERTAINTIES

The COVID-19 outbreak in the United States has caused business disruption through mandated and voluntary closings of business across the country for non-essential services. There is considerable uncertainty about the duration of closings. The Plant has been able to continue its operations in this environment, however, at this point, the extent to which COVID-19 may impact the Plant's financial condition or results of operations is uncertain.



#### SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

## OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN

#### LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS

	2020	2019		2018	2017
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 1,244,045	\$ 2,125,775	\$	2,168,581	\$ 2,220,423
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution  Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 1,553,512 (309,467)	\$ 1,132,224 993,551	<del>-</del>	1,071,674 1,096,907	\$ 1,524,129 696,294
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 19,389,590	\$ 18,665,559	\$	18,773,557	\$ 18,314,060
Contributions as a percentage or covered-employee payroll	8.01%	6.07%		5.71%	8.32%

#### **Notes to Schedule**

Valuation Date: Actuarially Determined Contribution was calculated as of June 30, 2020.

Actuarial Cost Method: Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method

Asset-Valuation Method: Market Value of Assets as of the Measurement Date, June 30, 2020.

Investment Rate of Return: 3.75%, net of OPEB plan investment expense

Medical inflation 4.50% as of June 30, 2020 and for future periods

Dental Trend Rate 4.00% as of June 30, 2020 and for future periods

Mortality: It is assumed that both pre-retirement mortality and beneficiary mortality is

represented by the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality with Scale MP-2015, fully generational. Mortality for retired members is represented by the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table set forward five years for males and 3 years for females, fully generational. Mortality for disabled members is represented by the RP-2000 Mortality Table set forward six years.

Marriage assumptions 80% of males and 60% of females assumed to be married with wives to

be three years younger than their husbands

1.) Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

## SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE PLANT'S NET OPEB LIABILITY

## AND RELATED RATIOS

## LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS

	2020	2019	2018	2017	
Total OPEB Liability					
Service cost	\$ 729,537	\$ 901,684	\$ 984,013	\$ 1,119,811	
Interest on net OPEB liability and service cost	944,626	1,340,907	1,693,987	1,647,602	
Experience (gain) and loss	890,330		(10,716,777)		
Change in Assumptions	5,440,976				
Change in allocation	(11,407,857)				
Benefit payments, including refunds	(954,966)	(1,453,748)	(1,163,103)	(1,633,318)	
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	(4,357,354)	788,843	(9,201,880)	1,134,095	
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	36,341,338	35,552,495	44,754,375	43,620,280	
Total OPEB Liability - Ending (a)	\$ 31,983,984	\$ 36,341,338	\$ 35,552,495	\$ 44,754,375	
• • • •					
OPEB Fiduciary Net Position					
Benefit payments, including refund	\$ (1,543,284)	\$ (1,096,431)	\$ (1,060,013)	\$ (1,512,864)	
Contributions - employer	1,553,512	1,132,224	1,071,674	1,524,129	
Net investment income	1,696	5,993	1,810	188	
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	11,924	41,786	13,471	11,453	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	77,689	35,903	22,432	10,979	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$ 89,613	\$ 77,689	\$ 35,903	\$ 22,432	
Net OPEB Liability - Ending (a) - (b)	\$ 31,894,371	\$ 36,263,649	\$ 35,516,592	\$ 44,731,943	
	<u>/</u>	<del></del>	<u> </u>	<u>·                                      </u>	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total					
OPEB Liability	0.28%	0.21%	0.10%	0.05%	
OT LD Limbinty	0.207	0.2170	0.1070	0.0570	
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 19,389,590	\$ 18,665,559	\$ 18,773,557	\$ 18,314,060	
	,,	4 -0,000,000		,,	
Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of					
Covered-Employee Payroll	164.49%	194.28%	189.18%	244.25%	
- •					

<sup>1.)</sup> Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

## SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS

## FOR OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN

## LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Annual money-weighted rate of return,				
net of investment expense	4.82%	5.85%	5.44%	1.71%

<sup>1.)</sup> Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

#### SCHEDULE OF PLANT'S CONTRIBUTIONS

#### **DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN**

## LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS

Actuarially determined contribution	2020 \$ 4,439,358	2019 \$ 4,242,252	2018 \$ 4,181,168	2017 \$ 4,086,064	2016 \$ 3,996,685	2015 \$ 3,913,709
Contributions in relation to the actuarially	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	· ',= '=,===	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Ψ 2,220,000	Ψ 2,512,705
determined contribution	4,439,358	4,242,252	4,181,168	4,086,064	3,996,685	3,913,709
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 19,389,590	\$ 18,665,559	\$ 18,773,557	\$ 18,314,060	\$ 17,055,663	\$ 17,416,747
Contributions as a percentage or covered-employee payroll	22.90%	22.73%	22.27%	22.31%	23.43%	22.47%

#### Notes to Schedule

Valuation date: January 1, 2020

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of January 1, one year prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Asset valuation method Market Value

Member data

The member data used in the determination of cost estimates consist of pertinent information with respect to the

active, inactive, retired, and disabled members of the employer as supplied by the employer to the actuary.

Salary increases 3.5%
Investment rate of return 7.75%

Cost of living adjustments 3% of the lesser of the pension amount and \$15,000 per year

Mortality It is assumed that mortality for is represented by the various SOA Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Tables

specific to the Group, Pre-retirement versus Post, Disabled and Beneficiaries, with Scale MP-2019 improvements until

2025.

Family composition It is assumed that 80% of all members will be survived by a spouse and that females (males) are three years younger

(older) than members.

Administrative expenses The normal cost is increased by an amount equal to the anticipated administrative expenses for the upcoming fiscal

year. The amount for fiscal year 2022 is \$650,000 and is anticipated to increase at 4.0% per year.

Creditable service In general, creditable service is awarded during the period in which a member contributes to the retirement system.

1.) Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

## SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS

## **DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN**

## LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Annual money-weighted rate of return,						
net of investment expense	21.50%	10.11%	14.97%	6.10%	0.79%	5.88%

<sup>1.)</sup> Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.



# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Municipal Lighting Commission **Taunton Municipal Lighting Plant** 

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Taunton Municipal Lighting Plant (the "Plant") (a component unit of the City of Taunton, Massachusetts) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Plant's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 2, 2021.

## **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Plant's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Plant's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Taunton Municipal Lighting Plant's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.



Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

## **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Plant's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

## **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Providence, RI

November 2, 2021

Marcust LLP



## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Municipal Lighting Commission **Taunton Municipal Lighting Plant** 

## Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Taunton Municipal Lighting Plant's (the "Plant") (a component unit of the City of Taunton, Massachusetts) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the Plant's major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2020. The Plant's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

## Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for the Plant's major federal program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Plant's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.



We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Plant's compliance.

## Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Plant complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2020.

## **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

Management of the Plant, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Plant's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for its major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Plant's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Providence, RI November 2, 2021

Marcun LLP

## SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Federal Grantor Pass-Through Grantor Program Title	Federal CFDA <u>Number</u>	Pass-through Entity Identifying <u>Number</u>	Passed Through to Subrecipients	
Department of Homeland Security Passed through Massachusetts Emergency Management Agency				
Disaster Grants-Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared	97.036	PW-00139	N/A	\$ 755,211
Disaster Grants-Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Total Department of Homeland Security	97.036	PW-00458	N/A	13,089 768,300
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards				\$ 768,300

See notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

#### NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

#### 1. Basis Of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Taunton Municipal Lighting Plant under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2020. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Taunton Municipal Lighting Plant, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Taunton Municipal Lighting Plant.

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

#### 3. INDIRECT COST RATE

The Taunton Municipal Lighting Plant has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

## SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

## SECTION I – SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

<u>Financial Statements</u>			
Type of auditors' report issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with GAAP: Internal control over financial reporting:	Unmodified	Opin	ion
Material weakness(es) identified?	yes	X	no
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yes	X	none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yes	X	no
<u>Federal Awards</u>			
Internal control over major federal programs:			
Material weakness(es) identified?	yes	X	no
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yes	X	none reported
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major			
federal programs:	Unmodified	Opin	ion
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	yes	X	no
Identification of major federal programs:			
CFDA Number 97.036  Name of Federal Program Disaster Grants-Public Assistance Disasters)		ly De	clared
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$750,000		
Auditee qualified as low risk auditee?	yes	X	no

## SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

## **SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS**

None reported

## SECTION III – FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

**Current Year Findings:** 

None reported

## Prior Year Findings:

None reported