CITY OF TAUNTON, MASSACHUSETTS

MUNICIPAL LIGHTING PLANT (AN ENTERPRISE FUND)

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CONTENTS

Independent Auditors' Report
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Required Supplementary Information) 4-7
Financial Statements
Statements of Financial Position
Notes to Financial Statements
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of Funding Progress for Other Post-Employment Benefits
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Municipal Lighting Commission

City of Taunton, Massachusetts, Municipal Lighting Plant

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the City of Taunton, Massachusetts, Municipal Lighting Plant (the "Plant"), an enterprise fund of the City of Taunton, Massachusetts, which comprise the statements of financial position as of December 31, 2016 and 2015, and the related statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.



An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the City of Taunton, Massachusetts, Municipal Lighting Plant, an enterprise fund of the City of Taunton, Massachusetts, as of December 31, 2016 and 2015, and the changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note A, the financial statements present the City of Taunton, Massachusetts, Municipal Lighting Plant only and do not purport to, and do not present fairly the financial position of the City of Taunton, Massachusetts, as of December 31, 2016 and 2015, the changes in its financial position, or, where applicable, its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, and Schedule of Funding Progress for Other Post-Employment Benefits, Schedule of Plant's Contributions, and Schedule of Investment Returns on Pages 4-7 and 40-42 be presented to supplement the financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated May 24, 2017 on our consideration of the City of Taunton, Massachusetts, Municipal Lighting Plant's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City of Taunton, Massachusetts, Municipal Lighting Plant's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Providence, RI

Marcun LLP

May 24, 2017

Within this section of the City of Taunton, Massachusetts, Municipal Lighting Plant's annual financial report, management provides narrative discussion and analysis of the financial activities of the Municipal Lighting Plant for the year ended December 31, 2016 and 2015. The Plant's performance is discussed and analyzed within the context of the accompanying financial statements and disclosures following this section.

Overview of the Financial Statements:

The basic financial statements include (1) the statements of net position (2) the statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position (3) the cash flow statements and (4) notes to the financial statements.

The Statement of Net Position is designed to indicate the Plant's financial position as of a specific point in time. At December 31, 2016, it shows our net position of \$109,872,254 which is comprised of \$92,607,851 invested in capital assets net of related debt, \$5,597,455 restricted for depreciation, \$9,484,494 restricted for pensions and \$2,182,454 available for operations. At December 31, 2015, it shows our net position of \$95,203,096 which is comprised of \$89,721,479 net investment in capital assets, \$2,597,455 restricted for depreciation, \$8,686,444 restricted for pensions and \$5,802,282 unrestricted net position deficit.

The Statement of Net Position summarizes our operating results for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015. As discussed in more detail below, the Plant's net income for 2016 and 2015, was \$17,569,158 and \$9,284,635, respectively, before payments in lieu of taxes (PILOT).

The Statement of Cash Flows provides information about the cash receipts and cash payments during the accounting period. It also provides information about the investing and financing activities for the same period. A review of the Plant's Statements of Cash Flows indicates that the cash receipts from operating activities, (that is, electricity and internet access sales and related services) were sufficient to cover the operating expenses and capital projects, as well as contributions to the City.

Summary of Net Position

	2016	2015	2014
Current Assets	\$ 37,985,577	\$ 29,348,332	\$ 28,846,952
Noncurrent Assets	 138,107,542	 131,178,406	 126,138,831
Total Assets	 176,093,119	 160,526,738	154,985,783
Deferred Outflows of Resources	 9,002,763	4,974,752	3,856,196
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 185,095,882	\$ 165,501,490	\$ 158,841,979
Current Liabilities	\$ 11,710,230	\$ 9,837,572	\$ 9,229,266
Noncurrent Liabilities	 49,638,886	 54,460,822	 54,794,252
Total Liabilities	 61,349,116	64,298,394	64,023,518
Deferred Inflows of Resources	 13,874,512	 6,000,000	 6,000,000
Net Investment in Capital Assets	92,607,851	89,721,479	83,947,736
Restricted for Depreciation	5,597,455	2,597,455	2,308,818
Restricted for Pension	9,484,494	8,686,444	8,610,519
Unrestricted	2,182,454	(5,802,282)	(6,048,612)
Total Net Position	 109,872,254	95,203,096	88,818,461
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources			
and Net Position	\$ 185,095,882	\$ 165,501,490	\$ 158,841,979

Summary of Changes in Net Position

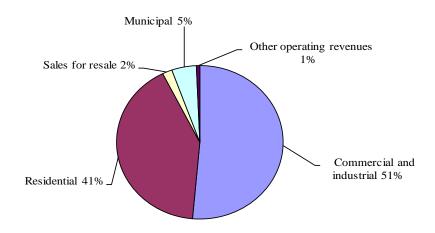
	2016	2015	2014
Operating Revenues	\$ 97,891,540	\$ 99,532,435	\$ 93,274,479
Operating Expenses	82,253,365	90,345,088	91,440,158
Operating Income	15,638,175	9,187,347	1,834,321
Nonoperating Revenues Less Nonoperating Expenses	 1,930,983	 97,288	1,099,801
Increase in Net Position before Transfers	17,569,158	9,284,635	2,934,122
Transfers Out - Payment in Lieu of Taxes	(2,900,000)	(2,900,000)	(2,900,000)
Increase (decrease) in Net Position	\$ 14,669,158	\$ 6,384,635	\$ 34,122

Financial Highlights:

Operating revenues for 2016 decreased by \$1.6 million or 2% from 2015. The revenue decrease was a result of a reduction of sales to consumers of approximately 2.6%. Operating revenues for 2015 increased by \$6.2 million or 7% from 2014. The revenue increase is a result of an adjustment of Power Cost Adjustment rate.

Operating expenses for 2016 decreased by \$8.1 million or 9% from 2015. The decrease in expenses is directly related to the reduction in sales to consumers. As sales decrease so does the expense to supply power for the customer's needs. Operating expenses for 2015 decreased by \$1.1 million or 1% from 2014. The decrease in expenses is directly related to the purchase price locked in power supply contracts.

Source of 2016 Operating Revenues



Utility Plant and Debt Administration:

Utility Plant

There was an increase in net utility plant in service of \$1,319,000 for 2016. This increase is the difference between the current year additions of \$8.9 million and the annual depreciation (3% of depreciable gross plant) expense of \$7.6 million. Additions to plant consisted principally of approximately \$1.2 million in production and transmission plant, \$6.4 million in distribution plant and \$1.3 million in general plant. Major items capitalized include a Substation Upgrade, and Generator Control System.

There was an increase in net utility plant in service of \$1,532,000 for 2015. This increase is the difference between the current year additions of \$8.2 million and the annual depreciation (3% of depreciable gross plant) expense of \$6.7 million. Additions to plant consisted principally of approximately \$1.9 million in production and transmission plant, \$3.8 million in distribution plant and \$2.5 million in general plant. Major items capitalized include improvements to the Distribution System.

Debt Administration

The Plant issued a \$1,200,000 Bond Anticipation Note on June 30, 2016. This general obligation bond anticipation note is guaranteed in full faith and credit of the City of Taunton. Additional information on the Plant's debt obligations can be found in Note E (pages 26-27) to the financial statements.

Significant Balances and Transactions:

Depreciation Fund

The Plant maintains this fund to pay for capital investments and improvements. These capital items are paid from the operating fund, which is then replenished by funds transferred from the depreciation fund. The depreciation fund is required by state statute. The Light Plant must set aside 3% of its gross depreciable plant annually to be used principally for capital expenditures. Interest earned on the account is kept in the fund.

Sick Leave Trust Fund

The Plant maintains a fully funded Sick Leave Trust Fund ("Trust") for the financing of future sick leave payments. It is the Plant's intention that the Trust be funded to the extent of the Plant's sick leave liability and that future sick leave expense will be paid by the Trust.

Pension Plans

The employees of the Light Plant participate in the City of Taunton Retirement System. In addition to investments made by the System, a separate fiduciary fund (plant retirement trust) has been established by the Plant to provide funding of the Plant's past unfunded service costs. Each year the Light Plant is assessed by the City for its share of such pension costs.

Customer Deposits

The Plant collects deposits from residential and commercial accounts when they come into the system. Deposits can be refunded when a customer has demonstrated a good credit history or upon leaving the system. Interest is paid for as long as the Plant holds the deposit.

Request for Information:

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Taunton, Massachusetts, Municipal Lighting Plant's finances for all those with an interest in the Plant's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or request for additional information should be addressed to the Office of the Business Manager, 55 Weir Street, Taunton, MA 02780.

STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

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	2016	2015
Utility Plant - at Cost		
Plant in service	\$ 247,584,923	\$ 238,705,090
Less: Accumulated depreciation	158,371,262	150,810,238
Net Utility Plant in Service	89,213,661	87,894,852
Investment in Seabrook	277,471	284,706
Construction work in progress	8,726,719	8,246,921
Total Utility Plant	98,217,851	96,426,479
Other Assets		
Depreciation - designated funds	5,597,455	2,597,455
Rate stabilization - designated funds	6,000,000	6,000,000
Sick leave fund	12,337,690	12,313,802
Sick leave annuities	4,567,867	4,150,205
Plant employees' retirement fund	9,484,494	8,686,444
Other post - employment benefits fund	506,590	
Investment in Hydro Quebec Project	148,663	59,113
Investment in Energy New England LLC	1,246,932	944,908
Total Other Assets	39,889,691	34,751,927
Current Assets		
Cash	22,328,016	12,735,807
Customer deposits	1,707,735	1,609,130
Accounts receivable, less allowance		
for doubtful accounts of \$1,711,531 and \$1,828,836 in 2016 and 2015, respectively	7,025,039	7,226,537
Accounts receivable - internet services	100,772	100,078
	5,634,460	5,740,580
Materials and supplies inventory Prepaid expenses	1,189,555	1,936,200
Trepute expenses		1,550,200
Total Current Assets	37,985,577	29,348,332
Total Assets	176,093,119	160,526,738
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Deferred outflows for pensions	9,002,763	4,974,752
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 185,095,882	\$ 165,501,490
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STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONTINUED)

DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position

	2016			2015
Net Position				
Net Investment in capital assets	\$	92,607,851	\$	89,721,479
Restricted for depreciation		5,597,455		2,597,455
Restricted for pensions		9,484,494		8,686,444
Unrestricted net position		2,182,454		(5,802,282)
Total Net Position		109,872,254		95,203,096
Non-Current Liabilities				
Bonds payable - excluding current portion		4,515,000		5,610,000
Sick leave - excluding current portion		7,210,188		7,293,818
Sick leave annuities - obligation		4,567,867		4,150,205
Accrued vacation - excluding current portion		306,550		290,042
Other post - employment benefits obligation		9,618,882		8,856,870
Net pension liability		23,420,399		28,259,887
Total Non-Current Liabilities	_	49,638,886		54,460,822
Current Liabilities				
Bonds payable - current portion		1,095,000		1,095,000
Bond anticipation note		1,200,000		
Accounts payable		5,419,509		4,960,611
Customer deposits		2,177,762		2,077,954
Accrued liabilities:		, ,		, ,
Vacation - current portion		1,091,830		1,084,634
Sick leave - current portion		253,375		233,792
Interest		34,636		39,445
Payroll		311,857		222,783
Other		126,261		123,353
Total Current Liabilities		11,710,230		9,837,572
Total Liabilities		61,349,116		64,298,394
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Rate stabilization		6,000,000		6,000,000
Deferred inflows for pensions		7,874,512		
		13,874,512		6,000,000
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		13,074,312		0,000,000
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources				
and Net Position	<u>\$</u>	185,095,882	\$	165,501,490

STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

	2016	2015
	2010	2013
Operating Revenues		
Sales of Electricity Commercial and industrial	\$ 51,802,590	¢ 52.059.120
Residential	, , ,	\$ 53,058,120
	41,535,130	41,555,061
Sales for resale	1,908,898	2,230,792 4,986,215
Municipal Discounts given	4,815,781 (2,855,368)	(2,930,538)
Total Sales of Electricity	97,207,031	98,899,650
Other Operating Revenues	684,509	632,785
Total Operating Revenues	97,891,540	99,532,435
Operating Expenses		
Power production and purchases	46,128,004	53,160,783
Transmission and distribution	18,216,678	17,932,560
Customer accounting	3,904,722	4,910,549
Administrative and general	6,138,438	7,066,394
Depreciation and amortization	7,570,146	6,897,225
Nuclear expense	295,377	377,577
Total Operating Expenses	82,253,365	90,345,088
Earnings from Operations	15,638,175	9,187,347
Other Income (Expense)		
Interest expense	(183,909)	(215,172)
Interest income	8,430	3,000
Internet income, net	141,389	67,334
Investment income-sick leave fund	1,023,888	136,650
Investment income-retirement fund	798,050	75,925
Investment income other post - employment		
benefits fund	6,590	
Other income (expenses)	136,545	29,551
Total Other Income	1,930,983	97,288
Net Income Before Transfers	17,569,158	9,284,635
Transfers Out		
Payment in lieu of taxes	(2,900,000)	(2,900,000)
Change in Net Position	14,669,158	6,384,635
Net Position, Beginning	95,203,096	88,818,461
Net Position, Ending	\$ 109,872,254	\$ 95,203,096

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	2016	2015
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Cash received from customers	\$ 99,517,302	\$ 101,562,198
Cash payments to suppliers and employees	(76,474,186)	(85,504,645)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	23,043,116	16,057,553
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities:		
Payment to City in lieu of taxes	(2,900,000)	(2,900,000)
Transfer from the sick leave fund	1,000,000	
Net Cash Used in Non-Capital Financing Activities	(1,900,000)	(2,900,000)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities		
Additions to utility plant, including construction in process	(9,369,312)	(11,819,974)
Proceeds from bond anticipation notes	1,200,000	
Principal paid on bonds	(1,095,000)	(1,095,000)
Interest paid on bonds	(188,369)	(220,056)
Net Cash Used in Capital and Related Financing Activities	(9,452,681)	(13,135,030)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Interest and dividend income	15,020	3,000
Investment income - sick leave fund	609,532	1,249,100
Investment income - retirement fund	375,827	839,161
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	1,000,379	2,091,261
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	12,690,814	2,113,784
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year	22,942,392	20,828,608
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year (Note D)	\$ 35,633,206	\$ 22,942,392

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED)

	2016	2015
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash		
Provided by Operating Activities		
Operating income	\$ 15,638,175	\$ 9,187,347
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash		
provided by operating activities:		
Internet income, net	141,389	67,334
Investment income on investments in associated companies	7,236	238,465
Depreciation and amortization	7,570,146	6,897,225
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Decrease in accounts receivable	200,804	769,019
Increase in sick leave fund	(609,532)	(1,249,100)
Increase in retirement fund	(375,827)	(839,161)
Increase in other post - employment benefits fund	(506,590)	
Decrease in prepaid expenses	746,645	201,668
Increase in deferred outflows of resources	(4,028,011)	(1,118,556)
Decrease in materials and supplies inventory	106,120	353,080
Increase in deferred inflows of resources	7,874,512	
Increase in other postemployment benefits obligation	762,012	1,038,469
(Decrease) increase in net pension liability	(4,839,488)	80,745
Increase in accounts payable	204,428	816,269
Increase in customer deposits	99,808	106,683
Decrease in sick leave liability	(64,047)	(510,312)
Increase in accrued liabilities	115,336	18,378
Total Adjustments	7,404,941	6,870,206
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ 23,043,116	\$ 16,057,553
Non-Cash Investing Activities:		
Change in the fair value of investments-sick leave fund	\$ (585,644)	\$ (1,112,450)
Change in the fair value of investments-retirement fund	\$ 422,223	\$ 333,051

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

NATURE OF OPERATIONS

The Plant is a regulated municipal electric utility located in Taunton, Massachusetts. The Plant operates as an enterprise fund of the City of Taunton, Massachusetts, and produces, purchases and distributes electricity to approximately 37,000 customers in the City of Taunton and the surrounding areas. The Plant also operates an internet access business unit and provides services to approximately 400 customers.

Enterprise funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (including depreciation) of providing goods and services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The Plant presents its financial statements on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Under the accrual basis revenues are recognized when earned and expenses when the related liability for goods and services is incurred regardless of the timing of cash flows.

USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

RATES

The Plant is under the charge and control of the Municipal Lighting Plant Commissioners in accordance with Chapter 164, Section 55, of the General Laws of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts. Electric power is both produced and purchased and is distributed to customers within their service area. The rates charged by the Plant to its customers are filed with the Department of Public Utilities (DPU) and are subject to Chapter 164, Section 58, of the General Laws, which provides that prices shall be fixed to yield not more than 8% per annum on the cost of the plant after repayment of operating expenses, interest on outstanding debt, the requirements of any serial debt and depreciation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

RATES (CONTINUED)

The Plant's rates include a Purchased Power Cost Adjustment ("PPCA") which allows an adjustment of rates charged to customers in order to recover all changes in power costs from stipulated base costs. The PPCA provides for a quarterly reconciliation of total power costs billed with the actual cost of power incurred.

DEFERRED OUTFLOWS / INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position can report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate section represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until that later date. At December 31, 2016 and 2015, there was \$9,002,763 and \$4,974,752, respectively in deferred outflows of resources related to the pension plan.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position can report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate section represents the acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and therefore will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until a later date. At December 31, 2016 and 2015, there was \$6,000,000 in deferred inflows related to a rate stabilization adjustment. The Plant also reports a deferred inflow of resources related to pension plan. At December 31, 2016 and 2015, there was \$7,874,512 and \$0, respectively, in deferred inflows due to changes of assumptions related to the pension plan. A deferred inflow of resources related to pension results from differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions or other inputs. These amounts are deferred and include in pension expense in a systematic and rational manner over a period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension plan (active employees and inactive employees).

UTILITY PLANT

The provision for depreciation of the utility plant was computed in 2016 and 2015 at 3% of the cost of plant in service at the beginning of the year, exclusive of land and land rights. No depreciation is taken in the year of plant additions and a full year's depreciation is taken in the year of disposal. Massachusetts law stipulates that the Plant may change its depreciation rate from the statutory 3% only with the approval of the DPU. Depreciation designated cash is used in accordance with state laws for replacements, enlargements and additions to the utility plant in service.

The Plant capitalizes individual purchases of \$3,000 or more and groups of purchases of similar items of \$5,000 or more. Office furniture purchased for more than \$1,000 or office equipment, meters, transformers and vehicles purchased for more than \$500 are capitalized.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

INVESTMENT IN SEABROOK

The Plant's Investment in Seabrook Plant represents a 0.10034% joint ownership share. The Plant records annual depreciation computed at 4% of the initial investment in Seabrook. The Plant's percentage share of new plant additions are capitalized and their share of operating and maintenance expenses, and decommissioning expenses (see Note C) are charged against earnings.

SICK LEAVE FUND

The Plant maintains a fully funded Sick Leave Fund for the financing of future sick leave payments. It is the Plant's intention that the Sick Leave Fund be funded to the extent of the Plant's sick leave liability and that future sick leave expense will be paid by the Sick Leave Fund. The assets of the Sick Leave Fund are shown in the financial statements to provide a more meaningful presentation, as the assets of the Sick Leave Fund are for the sole purpose of satisfying a liability of the Plant.

PLANT EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT FUND

The Plant has established a separate Employees Retirement Fund for the financing of future contributions to the City's pension plan (see Note G).

CASH EQUIVALENTS

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the Plant considers all deposits with original maturities of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

INVESTMENTS

The Plant invests in various types of investments, which are stated at fair value in the statement of net position, based on quotations from applicable national securities exchanges. Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Realized gains and losses, as well as changes in value of the invested funds, are included in the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position. The Plant investments are held in the Sick Leave Fund and Plant Employees' Retirement Fund.

Investment securities, in general, are exposed to various risks, such as interest rate, credit and overall market volatility. Due to the level of risks associated with certain investment securities, it is reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment securities will occur in the near term and that such change could materially affect the amounts reported in the statements of net position and activities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

The Plant carries its accounts receivable at net realizable value by way of an allowance for doubtful accounts. Collectability of receivables is determined based on historical write offs and collections, on knowledge of specific large accounts, and on current economic conditions.

REVENUE RECOGNITION

The Plant revenues are based on rates established by the Plant as authorized by the Board of Commissioners and filed with the Massachusetts Department of Public Utilities. Revenues from sales of electricity are recorded on the basis of bills rendered from monthly meter readings taken on a cycle basis. Revenues are stated net of discounts and any related bad debts.

MATERIAL AND SUPPLIES INVENTORY

Materials and supplies inventory is carried at cost, principally on the average cost method. The cost of inventory is expensed when consumed rather than purchased.

PENSION PLAN

Substantially all employees of the Plant are covered by a contributory defined benefit pension plan administered by the City of Taunton in conformity with State Retirement Board requirements (see Note G).

TAXES

The Plant is exempt from federal and state income taxes as well as local property taxes. The Plant pays an amount to the City of Taunton in lieu of taxes. The amount is voted annually by the Municipal Lighting Commission.

RESTRICTED VERSUS UNRESTRICTED RESOURCES

When both restricted and unrestricted amounts are available for use, it is the Plant's practice to use restricted resources first.

PREPAID EXPENSES

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are reflected as prepaid expenses. Prepaid expenses are expensed when consumed rather than purchased.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

NOTE B - PLANT IN SERVICE

Plant in service activity for the year ended December 31, 2016 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Retirements & Adjustments	Ending Balance
Production	\$ 94,817,508	\$ 1.135.144	\$	\$ 95,952,652
Transmission	7,533,812	41,082		7,574,894
Distribution	97,743,460	6,437,652		104,181,112
General	38,610,310	1,269,065	(3,110)	39,876,265
Total Plant in Service	238,705,090	8,882,943	(3,110)	247,584,923
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Production	66,513,907	2,173,866		68,687,773
Transmission	6,983,096	21,081		7,004,177
Distribution	56,967,241	2,855,171		59,822,412
General	20,345,994	2,513,456	(2,550)	22,856,900
Total Accumulated Depreciation	150,810,238	7,563,574	(2,550)	158,371,262
Net Utility Plant in Service	\$ 87,894,852	\$ 1,319,369	\$ (560)	\$ 89,213,661

Depreciation expense for utility plant in service of \$7,563,574 and for the investment in Seabrook of \$6,572 was charged to operating expenses for the year ended December 31, 2016.

Plant in service activity for the year ended December 31, 2015 was as follows:

	Beginning		Retirements	Ending
	Balance	Additions	& Adjustments	Balance
Production	\$ 92,917,835	\$ 1,899,673	\$	\$ 94,817,508
Transmission	7,533,812			7,533,812
Distribution	93,958,728	3,784,732		97,743,460
General	36,199,689	2,581,902	(171,281)	38,610,310
Total plant in service	230,610,064	8,266,307	(171,281)	238,705,090
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Production	64,538,808	1,975,099		66,513,907
Transmission	6,963,550	19,546		6,983,096
Distribution	54,455,638	2,511,603		56,967,241
General	18,283,439	2,228,308	(165,753)	20,345,994
Total Accumulated Depreciation	144,241,435	6,734,556	(165,753)	150,810,238
Net Utility Plant in Service	\$ 86,368,629	\$ 1,531,751	\$ (5,528)	\$ 87,894,852

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

NOTE B – PLANT IN SERVICE (CONTINUED)

Depreciation expense for utility plant in service of \$6,734,556 and for the investment in Seabrook of \$162,669 was charged to operating expenses for the year ended December 31, 2015.

NOTE C – INVESTMENTS

SEABROOK

The Plant is a 0.10034% joint owner of the Seabrook New Hampshire Unit 1.

The joint owners of Seabrook have established a Decommissioning Fund that is currently held by a Trustee. The Plant's share of the estimated decommissioning liability is approximately \$1,202,000 as of December 31, 2016 (the most current valuation date).

Each joint owner is required to make monthly payments into the Nuclear Decommissioning Financing Fund in accordance with the Decommissioning Fund Funding Schedule. The cost is included in nuclear expense on the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position as it is paid. No payments into the Nuclear Decommissioning Financing Fund were required for the year ended December 31, 2016.

ENERGY NEW ENGLAND

Energy New England, LLC ("ENE") is an energy services company established to assist publicly owned entities to ensure their continued viability in the deregulated wholesale electric utility markets and to strengthen their competitive position in the retail energy market for the benefit of the municipal entities. ENE functions as an autonomous, entrepreneurial business unit that is free from many of the constraints imposed on traditional municipal utility operations. The Plant owns a 36.35% interest in ENE. Each of the six members has one seat on the Board of Directors along with three outside Directors. The Plant's initial investment in the company in 1998 was \$500,000. The Plant records this investment under the equity method.

Included in other income is approximately \$137,104 and \$35,000 of gains for the years December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively, representing the Plant's share of ENE's results of operations.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

NOTE C – INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

HYDRO QUEBEC ELECTRIC COMPANY

In 1988, the Plant entered into an agreement with the Massachusetts Municipal Wholesale Electric Company and other New England Utilities and Hydro-Quebec Electric Corporation ("Hydro Quebec"). In connection with the agreement, the Plant advanced approximately \$800,000 toward development of the project of which approximately \$450,000 was returned after the project obtained financing. In 1991, the Hydro Quebec project was completed. Upon completion of this project, each participant received stock in the New England Hydro Transmission Electric Company and the New England Hydro Transmission Corporation proportional to their advances. The investment is being accounted for on the cost basis. The stock received is not readily marketable, but gives the holder rights to purchase power at a percentage of the fossil fuel rate. During the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, the Plant received no dividends from the two companies.

SICK LEAVE FUND AND PLANT EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT FUND INVESTMENTS

Investments are stated at fair value which is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The Plant follows the guidance for fair value measurements and disclosures in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72, "Fair Value Measurement and Application".

In determining fair value, the Plant uses various valuation approaches, as appropriate in the circumstances. GASB Statement No. 72 establishes a fair value hierarchy for inputs used in measuring fair value that maximizes the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs by requiring that the most observable inputs be used when available. The fair value hierarchy is categorized into three levels based on the inputs as follows:

Level 1 – Unadjusted quoted priced in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 – Inputs other than quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities that are observable either directly or indirectly for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level 3 – Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability (supported by little or no market activity). Inputs include management's own assumption about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability (including assumptions about risk).

The following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for assets and liabilities measured at fair value:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

NOTE C – INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

SICK LEAVE FUND AND PLANT EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT FUND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Domestic Equities (excluding mutual funds): Valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities.

Mutual funds: Valued at the daily closing price as reported by the fund. Mutual funds held by the Plant are open-ended mutual funds that are registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission. These funds are required to publish their daily net asset value (NAV) and to transact at that price. The mutual funds held by the Plant are deemed to be actively traded.

Fixed income securities: Valued using active market quotations or prices obtained from independent pricing sources which may employ various pricing methods to value the investments, including matrix pricing based on quoted prices for securities with similar coupons, ratings and maturities. Accordingly, this class of investments is rated within Levels 1 and 2 of hierarchy.

Financial assets and liabilities carried at fair value as of December 31, 2016 are classified in the following tables in one of the three categories described above:

	S	ick Leave Fun	d			
						Fair
Description		Level 1		Level 2	Level 3	Value
Domestic Equities (excluding mutual funds) Mutual Funds	\$	4,788,038	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 4,788,038
Domestic Equity		3,822,163				3,822,163
Domestic Fixed Income		623,308				623,308
International Fixed Income		622,434				622,434
Fixed Income Securities (excluding mutual funds)		468,198		1,875,401		 2,343,599
	\$	10,324,141	\$	1,875,401	\$ -	12,199,542
Cash and cash equivalents						138,148
Total sick leave fund						\$ 12,337,690

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

NOTE C – INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

SICK LEAVE FUND AND PLANT EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT FUND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Plant Employees' Retirement Fund

Description	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Fair Value
Domestic Equities (excluding mutual funds)	\$ 3,703,754	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,703,754
Mutual Funds Domestic Equity Domestic Fixed Income	2,966,722 475,243			2,966,722 475,243
International Fixed Income Fixed Income Securities (excluding mutual funds)	 453,856 334,417	1,448,940		 453,856 1,783,357
	\$ 7,933,992	\$ 1,448,940	\$ -	9,382,932
Cash and cash equivalents				 101,562
Total Plant employees' retirement fund				\$ 9,484,494

Financial assets and liabilities carried at fair value as of December 31, 2015 are classified in the following tables in one of the three categories described above:

Sick Leave Fund

	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3			Fair Value
\$	4 414 145	\$		s		_	\$	4,414,145
Ψ	1,111,115	Ψ		Ψ			Ψ	1,111,113
	3,279,119							3,279,119
	770,727							770,727
	333,987							333,987
	310,601		1,935,653					2,246,254
\$	9,108,579	\$	1,935,653	\$		=		11,044,232
						_		1,269,570
						=	\$	12,313,802
	\$	\$ 4,414,145 3,279,119 770,727 333,987 310,601	\$ 4,414,145 \$ 3,279,119 770,727 333,987 310,601	\$ 4,414,145 \$ - 3,279,119 770,727 333,987 310,601 1,935,653	\$ 4,414,145 \$ - \$ 3,279,119 770,727 333,987 310,601 1,935,653	\$ 4,414,145 \$ - \$ 3,279,119 770,727 333,987 310,601 1,935,653	\$ 4,414,145 \$ - \$ - 3,279,119 770,727 333,987 310,601 1,935,653	\$ 4,414,145 \$ - \$ - \$ 3,279,119 770,727 333,987 310,601 1,935,653 \$ 9,108,579 \$ 1,935,653 \$ -

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

NOTE C – INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

SICK LEAVE FUND AND PLANT EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT FUND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Plant	Plant Employees' Retirement Fund										
Description		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Fair Value			
Domestic Equities (excluding mutual funds) Mutual Funds	\$	3,187,155	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,187,155			
Domestic Equity		2,580,522						2,580,522			
Domestic Fixed Income		610,269						610,269			
International Fixed Income		344,341						344,341			
Fixed Income Securities (excluding mutual funds)		284,903		1,528,470				1,813,373			
	\$	7,007,190	\$	1,528,470	\$	-	:	8,535,660			
Cash and cash equivalents								150,784			
Total Plant employees' retirement fund							\$	8,686,444			

The following are maturities of the Plant's debt related securities, as of December 31, 2016:								
Sick Leave Fund								
	Fair	0-3	Over					
Type of Investment	Value	Years	Years	5 years				
Fixed Income Securities	\$ 2,343,599	\$ 498,952	\$ 454,658	\$ 1,389,989				
	Plant Emp	ployees' Retirement Fu	ınd					
	Fair	0-3	3-5	Over				
Type of Investment	Value	Years	Years	5 years				
Fixed Income Securities	\$ 1,783,357	\$ 395,727	\$ 301,744	\$ 1,085,886				

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

NOTE C – INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

SICK LEAVE FUND AND PLANT EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT FUND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

The following are maturities of the Plant's debt related securities, as of December 31, 2015:

	S	ick Leave Fund				
	Fair	Fair 0-3 3-5				
Type of Investment	Value	Years	Years	5 years		
Fixed Income Securities	\$ 2,246,254	\$ 456,678	\$ 586,064	\$ 1,203,512		
	Plant Empl	loyees' Retirement Fu	ınd			
	Fair	0-3	3-5	Over		
Type of Investment	Value	Years	Years	5 years		
Fixed Income Securities	\$ 1,813,373	\$ 367,851	\$ 461,593	\$ 983,929		

Average ratings of the investments comprising the debt related securities above, as determined by Standards & Poor's as of December 31, 2016 are as follows:

	S	Sick Leave Fund	Plant Employees' Retirement Fund					
		Fixed Income Securities						
United States Treasury	\$	529,653	\$	395,823				
Government Agencies		732,843		558,868				
AAA		222,173		183,220				
AA		64,215		48,814				
A		228,735		175,186				
BBB		561,058		417,493				
В		4,922		3,953				
Total	\$	2,343,599	\$	1,783,357				

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

NOTE C – INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

SICK LEAVE FUND AND PLANT EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT FUND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Average ratings of the investments comprising the debt related securities above, as determined by Standards & Poor's as of December 31, 2015 are as follows:

	S	Sick Leave Plant Employee										
		Fund Retirement Fund										
		Fixed Income Securities										
United States Treasury	\$	385,043	\$	344,368								
Government Agencies		680,919		534,336								
AAA		298,316		246,337								
AA		74,738		49,552								
A		284,634		222,007								
BBB		522,604		416,773								
Total	\$	2,246,254	\$	1,813,373								

Concentrations

At December 31, 2016 and 2015, the Plant had a diversified portfolio in its Sick Leave and Plant Employees' Retirement Funds were invested in various mutual funds and fixed income securities, as detailed above.

Interest Rate Risk

Certain of the Plant's investments are held in mutual funds which do not bear specified interest rates. The rate of return on these investments is dependent on the operating results of the entities included in the portfolio of the mutual funds as well as overall economic conditions.

Custodial Credit Risk

The Plant does not have a formal policy with respect to custodial credit risk. Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Plant will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Plant does not believe that it has a significant custodial credit risk as all the investments are registered and held in the name of the Plant.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

NOTE D - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The Plant's cash is primarily deposited with the City of Taunton Treasurer who commingles it with other City funds. Accordingly, it is not practical to disclose the related bank balance and credit risk of such cash deposits for the Plant. Funds on deposit with financial institutions are subject to the insurance coverage limits imposed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). The amount of insurance coverage for the Plant's deposits is not determinable because the limits of insurance are computed on a City-wide basis.

The City invests the cash and credits the Plant each year with interest earned on the cash deposits.

Cash and cash equivalents consist of the following at December 31, 2016 and 2015:

	2016	2015
Cash - operating	\$ 20,025,878	\$ 10,853,884
Customer deposits	1,707,735	1,609,130
Depreciation - designated funds	5,597,455	2,597,455
Rate stabilization - designated funds	 6,000,000	 6,000,000
Cash Deposited with City of Taunton	33,331,068	21,060,469
Cash Deposited with Energy New England LLC	2,302,138	1,881,923
	\$ 35,633,206	\$ 22,942,392

Cash, and cash equivalents at December 31 are reflected on the statements of net position as follows:

		2016		2015
Cash	•	22,328,016	\$	12,735,807
Customer deposits	Ψ	1,707,735	φ	1,609,130
Depreciation - designated funds		5,597,455		2,597,455
Rate stabilization - designated funds		6,000,000		6,000,000
	<u>\$</u>	35,633,206	\$	22,942,392

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

NOTE E - SHORT -TERM AND LONG-TERM DEBT

GENERAL BOND ANTICIPATION NOTE

At December 31, 2016 the Plant had a general obligation bond anticipation note (BAN) in the amount of \$1,200,000. The note was due on March 30, 2017 with interest at an annual rate of \$1.25%. Proceeds from this BAN were utilized for Distributed Generation Project.

LONG-TERM DEBT OUTSTANDING AND ACTIVITY

Long-term debt consists of the following:		
	2016	2015
\$7,250,000 general obligation bonds, issued June 15, 2010, with interest rates ranging from 2.5% to 4% and annual principal and semi-annual interest payments through June 1, 2020.	\$ 2,900,000	\$ 3,625,000
\$2,251,000 general obligation bond, issued September 26, 2013, with interest rates ranging from 2% to 3% and annual principal and semi-annual interest payments through September 1, 2023.	1,575,000	1,800,000
\$1,425,000 general obligation bond, issued May 22, 2014, with interest rates ranging from 2% to 4% and annual principal and semi-annual interest payments through March 1, 2024.	1,135,000	1,280,000
Balance of long-term debt, Ending	5,610,000	6,705,000
Less: current installments of long-term debt	 (1,095,000)	 (1,095,000)
Long-term debt, excluding current installments	\$ 4,515,000	\$ 5,610,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

NOTE E - SHORT -TERM AND LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

LONG-TERM DEBT OUTSTANDING AND ACTIVITY (CONTINUED)

The future payments on the long-term debt are as follows:

Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2017	\$ 1,095,000	\$ 154,818	\$ 1,249,818
2018	1,095,000	121,954	1,216,954
2019	1,095,000	87,869	1,182,869
2020	1,090,000	52,301	1,142,301
2021	365,000	31,300	396,300
2022-2024	 870,000	 30,450	 900,450
Total	\$ 5,610,000	\$ 478,692	\$ 6,088,692

These general obligation bonds are guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the City of Taunton.

Long-term debt activity for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015 were as follows:

						2016				
	(Outstanding					(Outstanding		Due Within
Description	December 31, 2015		Additions		Retirements		December 31, 2016		One Year	
General obligation bonds	\$	6,705,000	\$		\$	(1,095,000)	\$	5,610,000	\$	1,095,000
Compensated absences		8,902,286		1,304,862		(1,345,205)		8,861,943		1,345,205
Other post - employment benefits obligation		8,856,870		762,012				9,618,882		
Net pension liability		28,259,887		11,337,465		(16,176,953)		23,420,399		
Sick leave annuities - obligation		4,150,205		417,662	_		_	4,567,867		<u></u>
Long-Term Liabilities	\$	56,874,248	\$	13,822,001	\$	(18,617,158)	\$	52,079,091	\$	2,440,205
						2015				
		Outstanding						Outstanding		Due Within
Description	Dec	ember 31, 2014		Additions		Retirements	Dec	ember 31, 2015		One Year
General obligation bonds	\$	7,800,000	\$		\$	(1,095,000)	\$	6,705,000	\$	1,095,000
Compensated absences		9,457,130		763,582		(1,318,426)		8,902,286		1,318,426
Other post - employment benefits obligation		7,818,401		1,038,469				8,856,870		
Net pension liability		28,179,142		80,745				28,259,887		
Sick leave annuities - obligation		4,325,675	_		_	(175,470)		4,150,205	_	
Long-Term Liabilities	\$	57,580,348	\$	1,882,796	\$	(2,588,896)	\$	56,874,248	\$	2,413,426

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

NOTE F - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

LITIGATION AND OTHER MATTERS

The Plant is involved in various legal matters incident to its business, none of which is believed by management to be significant to the financial condition or the results of operations of the Plant.

The Plant is also involved in proceedings relating to environmental matters. Although it is not possible to estimate the liability, if any, of the Plant related to these environmental matters, the Plant believes that these matters will not have a material adverse effect upon its financial condition or the results of operations.

The Plant has a program for insurance coverage provided by the Massachusetts Municipal Utility Self-Insurance Trust Fund ("Trust"). The insurance coverage provided by the Trust is in excess of a \$50,000 self-retention up to a maximum of \$500,000 per occurrence. Additionally, coverage for certain environmental claims is provided by the Trust through a separate policy for which the plant is responsible for a \$50,000 self-retention and the Trust covers the next \$50,000. Above this combined \$100,000 self-retention, the separate pollution liability policy provides coverage for certain claims up to \$1 million per occurrence and \$10 million aggregate. There have been no settlements exceeding the insurance coverage in the past three years.

OPTION CONTRACTS

The Plant manages risk associated with power supply commitments and excess capacity by entering into forward contracts for the purchase and sale of electricity and fuel in the normal course of business. It also uses put and call option contracts to reduce the price risk associated with its power supply portfolio.

Put and call options are reflected at fair value as determined by actively quoted prices and are recorded on the statement of net position with changes in fair value included in purchased power and transmission expense. No option contracts were open as of December 31, 2016 and 2015.

Forward contracts to purchase electricity and fuel at set prices and other contracts to sell electricity at fixed prices qualify for the normal purchases and sales exception and are not accounted for as derivatives.

The objectives of the Plant's risk management procedures for option contract and power and fuel purchase and sale forward contract activities are to optimize power supply resources, control costs, and manage price volatility to customers while avoiding speculative positions in the commodities markets.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

NOTE F – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)

POWER CONTRACTS

The Plant has commitments under contracts for the purchase of electricity from various suppliers. These wholesale contracts are generally for fixed periods and require payment of demand and energy charges. The total costs under these contracts are included in purchased power in the statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position and are normally recoverable in revenues under cost recovery mechanisms mandated by the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

The status of these contracts is as follows:

				Esti	mated Annual
		2016 KW	Contract		Minimum
Counter Party	Fuel	Entitlements	End Date		Payments
NextEra Energy Power Marketing, LLC	Unspecified	10,000	2018	\$	4,326,000
Shell Energy of North America (US), L.F	Unspecified	5,000-10,000	2017-2023		5,402,000
Exelon Generation Company, LLC	Unspecified	5000-7,800	2017-2020		2,867,000
Fortistar Methane Group-GRS Fall River	Methane	5,000	2020		2,437,000
EDF Trading North America, LLC	Unspecified	7,800	2018		3,795,000
MM Taunton Energy, LLC	Methane	1,630-1,900	2019		2,049,000
Seabrook Nuclear Power Plant	Nuclear	1,170	2021		554,000
New York Power Authority	Hydro	4,845	2025		1,052,000
Braintree Electric Light Department	Methane	10,000	2029		3,466,000
Brown Bear II Hydro, Inc.	Unspecified	2,700	2021		1,191,000
Industrial Power Services Corporation	Unspecified	470	2017		210,000

NOTE G - PENSION PLAN

DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN

The Plant contributes to the City of Taunton Retirement System (the "System"), a public employee retirement system that acts as the investment and administrative agent for the City. The System is a contributory cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan. All full-time employees participate in the System.

Instituted in 1937, the System is a member of the Massachusetts Contributory System and is governed by Massachusetts General Laws Chapter 32. Membership in the System is mandatory upon the commencement of employment for all permanent, full-time employees.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

NOTE G – PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN (CONTINUED)

The System provides for retirement allowance benefits up to a maximum of 80% of a member's highest three-year average annual rate of regular compensation. Benefit payments are based upon a member's age, length of creditable service, level of compensation and group classification.

Members of the System become vested after 10 years of creditable service. A retirement allowance may be received upon reaching age 65 or upon attaining twenty years of service. The System also provides for early retirement at age 55 if the participant (1) has a record of 10 years of creditable service, (2) was on the City's payroll on January 1, 1978, (3) voluntarily left City employment on or after that date, and (4) left accumulated annuity deductions in the fund. Active members contribute either 5%, 7%, 8%, 9% of their regular compensation or 2% of salary in excess of \$30,000, depending on the date upon which their membership began. The System also provides death and disability benefits.

The System assesses the City each fiscal year an amount determined in accordance with its current funding schedule. The City allocates a portion of its obligation to the Plant based on the relative number of participants and the amount of payroll. The Plant's contributions to the System for 2016, 2015 and 2014 were \$3,996,685, \$3,913,709 and \$3,783,079, respectively, and were equivalent to the required payments.

The current funding schedule includes the amount required to pay the employer normal cost (in addition to member contributions) plus the amortization of the prior unfunded actuarial accrued liability. The current funding schedule projects that the Plan will be fully funded in 2027. The funding schedule has been approved by the Public Employees Retirement Association.

At December 31, 2016, pension plan membership consisted of the following:

inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently	
receiving benefits	167
Inactive members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	4
Active plan members	143
Total	314

Copies of the System's audited financial statements can be obtained by writing to The City of Taunton Retirement System, 104 Dean Street, Suite 203, Taunton, MA 02780.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

NOTE G – PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN (CONTINUED)

The Plan's investment policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established by the Retirement System Pension Board of Trustees. To diversify plan assets so as to minimize the risk associated with dependence of the success on one enterprise, the Board of Trustees decided to employ a multi-manager team approach to investing plan assets. Investment managers are employed to utilize individual expertise within their area of responsibility. Each manager is governed by individual investment guidelines. Separate manager guidelines for each investment manager shall serve as addenda to this Policy. Commingled funds will be governed by the guidelines adopted by said fund and reviewed during the contract negotiation process.

The following was the asset allocation as of December 31, 2016:

Asset Class	Target Allocation
Large Cap	25%
Mid Cap	10%
Small Cap	10%
International Equity	15%
Alternative Assets	5%
Real Assets	15%
Fixed Income	<u>20%</u>
Total	<u>100%</u>

For the year ended December 31, 2016 the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expenses, was 0.8 percent. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2016, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3 Percent Salary increases 3.5 Percent

Investment rate of return 8.0 Percent, net of pension plan investment expense

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

NOTE G – PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN (CONTINUED)

It is assumed that both pre-retirement mortality and beneficiary mortality is represented by the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality with Scale MP-2014, fully generational. Mortality for retired members is represented by the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table set forward three years for males, and six years for females, fully generational. Mortality for disabled members is represented by the RP-2000 Mortality Table set forward two years. Generational adjusting is based on Scale MP-2014.

The long-term expected rate of return on Plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target allocation as of December 31, 2016 are summarized as follows:

	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Real Rate of Return
Large Cap	6.4%
Mid Cap	8.9%
Small Cap	7.0%
International Equity	3.0%
Alternative Assets	6.5%
Real Assets	7.8%
Fixed Income	1.6%

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed plan member contributions will be made as the current contribution rate and that the Plant's contributions will be made as the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

NOTE G – PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

NET PENSION LIABILITY

The Plant's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2016.

The components of the net pension liability at December 31, 2016 and 2015, were as follows:

	Dece	ember 31, 2016	December 31, 2015		
Total pension liability	\$	93,669,104	\$	99,172,753	
Plan fiduciary net position		70,248,705		70,912,866	
Net pension liability	\$	23,420,399	\$	28,259,887	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the		75.0%		71.5%	
total pension liability		73.0%		/1.5%	

SENSITIVITY OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TO CHANGES IN DISCOUNT RATE

The following presents the net pension liability of the System calculated using the discount rate of 8 percent, as well as what the System's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (7 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (9 percent) than the current rate:

	Current Discount			
	1% Decrease	Rate	1% Increase	
	7.00%	8.00%	9.00%	
Net pension liability	\$ 33,469,469	\$ 23,420,399	\$ 14,821,827	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

NOTE G – PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

PENSION EXPENSE AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES RELATED TO PENSIONS

For the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, the Plant recognized pension expenses of \$3,020,215 and \$2,875,897 respectively. At December 31, 2016 and 2015, the Plant reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	2016			
	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows		
	of Resources	of Resources		
Contributions made subsequent to December 31, 2015	\$ 3,996,685	\$		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on				
pension plan investments	4,799,925			
Changes in proportion and difference between employer				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	206,153			
Changes of assumptions		5,027,910		
Difference between expected and actual experience		2,846,602		
Total	\$ 9,002,763	\$ 7,874,512		
	20	015		
	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows		
	of Resources	of Resources		
Contributions made subsequent to December 31, 2014	\$ 3,913,709	\$		
Earnings on pension plan investments	1,061,043			
Total	\$ 4,974,752	\$		

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended December 31:	
2017	\$ 3,587,664
2018	(605,594)
2019	(605,594)
2020	(873,249)
2021	 (374,976)
	\$ 1,128,251

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

NOTE G – PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

RETIREMENT FUND

The Plant has established a separate Plant Employees' Retirement Fund for the financing of future pension plan contributions. Net position at December 31, 2016 and 2015, was approximately \$9,484,000 and \$8,686,000, respectively. These funds are invested in money market funds, fixed income securities including government and corporate bonds and other equity securities. The Plant made no contributions to the Plant Employees Retirement Fund in 2016 and 2015.

NOTE H – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The Plant follows GASB Statement No. 45, "Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Post-employment Benefits Other Than Pensions."

PLAN DESCRIPTION

The Plant participates in The Post Retirement Benefits Plan of The City of Taunton, an agent multi-employer defined benefit healthcare plan administered by the City of Taunton. The Plant provides post-employment health care benefits to retirees that meet certain requirements. Retirees of the Plant under age 65 are eligible for the same health benefits as active employees, while retirees over the age of 65 are eligible for MEDEX. Chapter 32B of the Massachusetts General Laws assigns authority to establish and amend benefit provisions of the Plan. The Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

At June 30, 2016, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the Plant's membership consisted of the following:

Current retirees and beneficiaries	207
Current active members	146
Total	353

FUNDING POLICY

The Plant currently finances its other post-employment benefits ("OPEB") on a pay-as-you-go basis. As a result, the funded ratio (actuarial value of assets expressed as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability) is 0%. In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards, the Plant has recorded its OPEB cost equal to the actuarially determined annual required contribution ("ARC") which includes the normal cost of providing benefits for the year and a component for the amortization of the total unfunded actuarial accrued liability of the plan.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

NOTE H – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

FUNDING POLICY (CONTINUED)

The contribution requirements of the Plan members and the Plant are established and may be amended through collective bargaining. The cost of the benefits provided to retirees are borne 75% by the Plant, and 25% by the retiree. For Plan year ended June 30, 2016, the Plant contributed approximately \$1,039,000 to the Plan, and total member contributions were approximately \$347,000.

The components of the Plant's annual OPEB costs for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the Plant's net OPEB obligation are summarized in the following table:

	2016	2015
Normal cost Amortization of unfunded actuarial accrued liability	\$ 743,416 1,404,284	\$ 892,849 1,456,232
Annual OPEB cost/expense Contributions made	2,147,700 (1,385,688)	2,349,081 (1,310,612)
Increase in Net OPEB Obligation	762,012	1,038,469
Net OPEB Obligation - Beginning of Year	8,856,870	7,818,401
Net OPEB Obligation - End of Year	\$ 9,618,882	\$ 8,856,870

ANNUAL OPEB COSTS AND NET OPEB OBLIGATION

The Plant's annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer ("ARC"), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal costs each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The components of the Plant's annual OPEB costs for the year, the amount actually contributed to the Plan, and changes in the Plant's net OPEB obligation are summarized in the following table:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

NOTE H – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

ANNUAL OPEB COSTS AND NET OPEB OBLIGATION (CONTINUED)

The Plant's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the year is as follows:

			An	nual OPEB	Percentage of			
Year	Ar	nual OPEB	Cost A1		Annual OPEB	1	Net OPEB	
Ended		Cost	Contributed Cost Contributed		Cost Contributed	Obligation		
12/31/2014	\$	2,349,081	\$	1,344,937	57%	\$	7,818,401	
12/31/2015	\$	2,349,081	\$	1,310,612	56%	\$	8,856,870	
12/31/2016	\$	2,147,700	\$	1,385,688	65%	\$	9,618,882	

FUNDING STATUS AND FUNDING PROGRESS

As of June 30, 2016, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$42,128,522, all of which was unfunded. The covered payroll (annual payroll of the Department's active employees covered by the plan) was \$17,055,663, and the ratio of the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability ("UAAL") to the covered payroll was 247%.

Actual valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

The Schedule of Funding Progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information which compares, over time, the actuarially accrued liability for benefits with the actuarial value of accumulated plan assets.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

NOTE H – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

ACTUARIAL METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effect of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the June 30, 2016, actuarial valuation, actuarial liabilities were determined using the projected unit credit Method. The actuarial methods and assumptions included a 4% investment rate of return and an annual health care cost rate trend of 5% decreasing to 4.5% in 2018. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of pay assuming a 4% increasing, open basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2016, was 30 years.

The Schedule of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents factors that significantly affect the identification of trends in the amounts reported.

OPEB FUND

In March 2015 the Plant established an OPEB Trust Fund for the purpose of accumulating assets to fund future payments of OPEB obligations. The initial funding of the Trust was \$500,000 made in February 2016. Net position at December 31, 2016 and 2015, was approximately \$507,000 and \$0, respectively.

NOTE I - INTEREST ACCESS BUSINESS UNIT

Revenue and expense for this business unit are combined and presented as a single line item in other income (expense) in the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position. Internet services generated revenues of approximately \$1,325,000 and \$1,154,000 for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively. Expenses were approximately \$1,184,000 and \$1,087,000 for the same periods, respectively.

The business unit utilizes certain assets of the Plant. For the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, other operating revenue for the Plant and internet expense includes approximately \$133,000, relating to this cost allocation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

NOTE J – SALE OF EMISSION ALLOWANCES

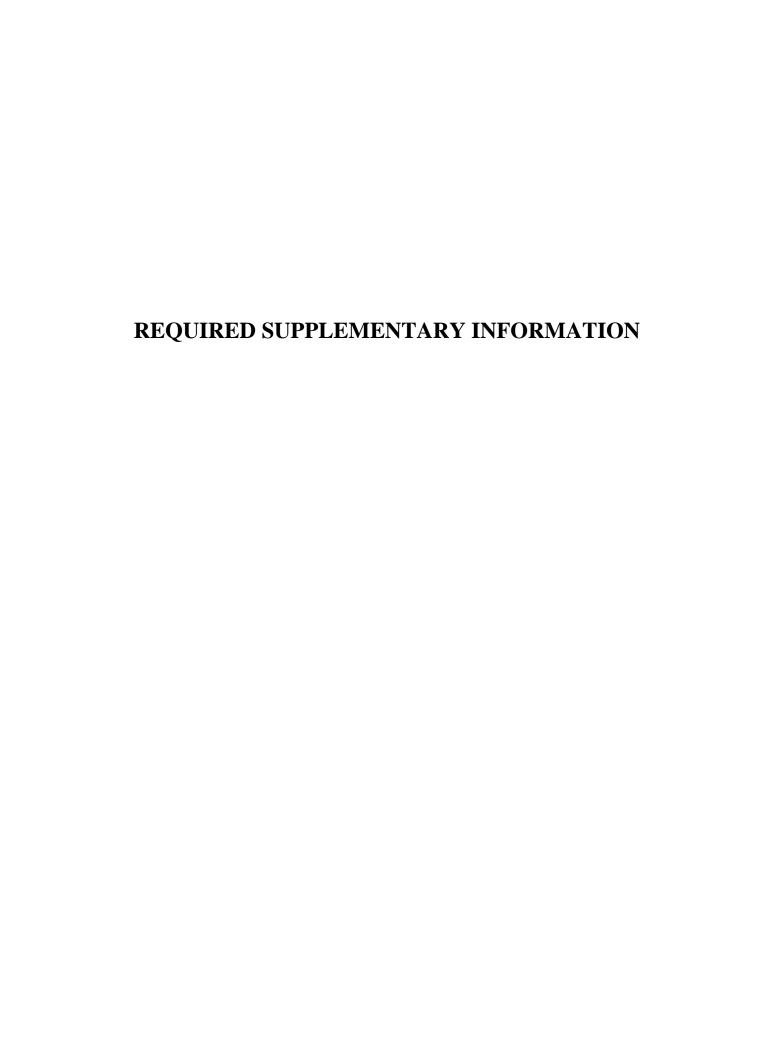
The Plant receives emission allowances in connection with the operation of its generation facilities. The Plant may from time to time purchase or sell excess emission allowances on the open market. The income from the sale or the expense from the expiration of allowances are recorded as other income or expense on the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position.

NOTE K – SICK LEAVE ANNUITIES

If an employee is terminated for any reason, other than for cause, the Taunton Municipal Lighting Plant purchases a single premium annuity for the employees benefit. The value of the annuity is the value of the employee's unused sick leave at the time of termination. The Taunton Municipal Lighting Plant retains ownership of said annuity with the terminated employee being the designated annuitant on the policy.

NOTE L – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On March 30, 2017 the Taunton Municipal Lighting Plant's \$1,200,000 general obligation bond anticipation note was purchased by a bank at a rate of 2.6%. Except as previously disclosed, there were no other events requiring recognition or disclosure in the financial statements.



SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS FOR OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

Actuarial	Act	uarial	Actuarial	Unfunded			UAAL as a
Valuation	Val	ue of	Accrued	AAL	Funded	Covered	Percentage
Date	As	ssets	Liability (AAL)	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	of Payroll
June 30, 2016	\$		\$ 42,128,522	\$42,128,522	0.00%	\$17,055,663	247%
June 30, 2014	\$		\$ 43,686,973	\$43,686,973	0.00%	\$16,538,227	264%
June 30, 2012	\$		\$ 41,268,845	\$41,268,845	0.00%	\$15,982,448	258%
June 30, 2010	\$		\$ 37,623,107	\$37,623,107	0.00%	\$15,955,539	236%
June 30, 2008	\$		\$ 50,082,169	\$50,082,169	0.00%	\$13,794,910	363%

SCHEDULE OF ACTUARIAL METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS

Schedule of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Actuarial Methods				
Valuation date	6/30/2016			
Actuarial cost method	Projected unit credit			
Amortization method	Level dollar amount			
Remaining amortization period	30 years as of June 30, 2016			
Actuarial Assumptions				
Investment rate of return	4.00%			
Projected salary increases	4.50%			
Medical/drug cost trend rate	5% decreasing to 4.5% in 2018			
Plan Membership				
Current retirees and beneficiaries	207			
Current active members	146			
Total	353			

DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

SCHEDULE OF PLANT'S CONTRIBUTIONS

LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS

		2016	2015		
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	3,996,685	\$	3,913,709	
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	_	3,996,685	_	3,913,709	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	<u></u>	\$	<u></u>	
Covered-employee payroll	\$	17,055,663	\$	17,416,747	
Contributions as a percentage or covered-employee payroll		23.43%		22.47%	

Notes to Schedule

Valuation date: January 1, 2016

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of January 1, one year prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level % of payroll on an open basis

Remaining amortization period 12 years

Asset valuation method Market Value

Inflation3.0%Salary increases3.5%Investment rate of return7.75%

Cost of living adjustments 3% of the lesser of the pension amount and \$15,000 per year

Retirement age 65

Mortality It is assumed that both pre-retirement mortality and beneficiary

mortality is represented by the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality with Scale MP-2014, fully generational. Mortality for retired members is represented by the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table set forward three years for males, and six years for females, fully generational. Mortality for disabled members is represented

by the RP-2000 Mortality Table set forward two years. Generational adjusting is based on Scale MP-2014.

1.) Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS

LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS

Annual money-weighted rate of return,
net of investment expense 6.41% 0.90%

1.) Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Municipal Lighting Commission City of Taunton, Massachusetts, Municipal Lighting Plant

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the City of Taunton, Massachusetts, Municipal Lighting Plant (an enterprise fund) (the "Plant") which comprise the statements of financial position, as of December 31, 2016 and 2015, and the statements of revenue, expenses and changes in net position and cash flows for the years then ended, and related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 24, 2017.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Plant's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Plant's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Taunton, Massachusetts, Municipal Lighting Plant's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.



Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Plant's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

Marcun LLP

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Providence, RI

May 24, 2017